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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838 (22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99) (30) Priority Data: <table border="0"><tr><td>09/115,453</td><td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/116,134</td><td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/159,822</td><td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/159,812</td><td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/232,880</td><td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/232,149</td><td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td><td>US</td></tr><tr><td>09/288,946</td><td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td><td>US</td></tr></table> (71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).	09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER (57) Abstract Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.																						

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39
SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for P42
SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for P47
SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for P49
SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for P50
SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for P53
SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55
SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for P60
SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for P64
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SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73
SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for P75
SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for P76
SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for P79
SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84
SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for P68
SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for P80
SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82
SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3064
SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3065
SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3692
SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905
SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

SEQ ID NO: 77 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4736
SEQ ID NO: 78 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4738
SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4741
SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4744
SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4734
SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4774
SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
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SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S)
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

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SEQ ID NO: 135 is the determined cDNA sequence for P166
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SEQ ID NO: 165 is the determined cDNA sequence for P195
SEQ ID NO: 166 is the determined cDNA sequence for P196
SEQ ID NO: 167 is the determined cDNA sequence for P220
SEQ ID NO: 168 is the determined cDNA sequence for P234
SEQ ID NO: 169 is the determined cDNA sequence for P235
SEQ ID NO: 170 is the determined cDNA sequence for P243
SEQ ID NO: 171 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE1
SEQ ID NO: 172 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE1
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SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE6
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SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4741
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SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4774
SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4787

SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
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SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
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SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd
SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-H10con
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd
SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11 rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-idoitol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (e.g., T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) *Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis* pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the "percentage of sequence identity" is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ³²P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl- methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (e.g., avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (i.e., an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

E. coli, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see, for example, Stoute et al. New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (see *Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (e.g., covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (e.g., via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (e.g., a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (see Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (e.g., CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (e.g., CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (e.g., vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.,* Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (see, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of

H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 µl (100 µg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 µl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 µl H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 µg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 µl H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 µl H₂O, mixed with 8 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney). The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4 SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100 μ g of P2S#12 and 120 μ g of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 μ g/ml dextran sulfate and 25 μ g/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 µg/ml were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5µg of P1S #10 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2µg/ml P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (see Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10^4 fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μ g of p5 peptide together with 140 μ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above* and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15
FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS
BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16
FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;
- (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and
- (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

(b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and

(c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
 - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
 - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

(a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and

(b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

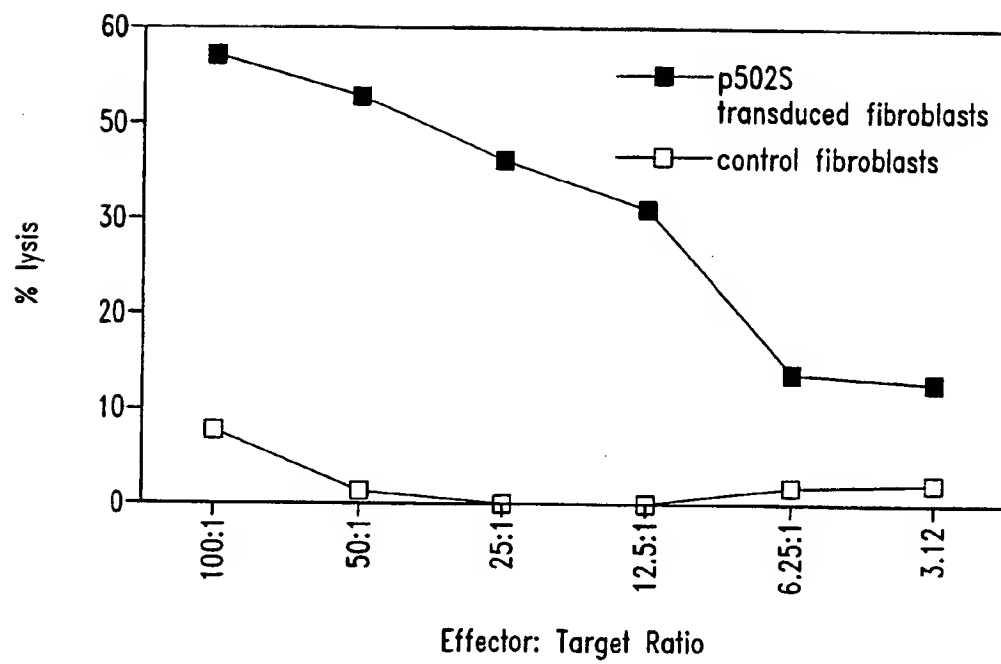
77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

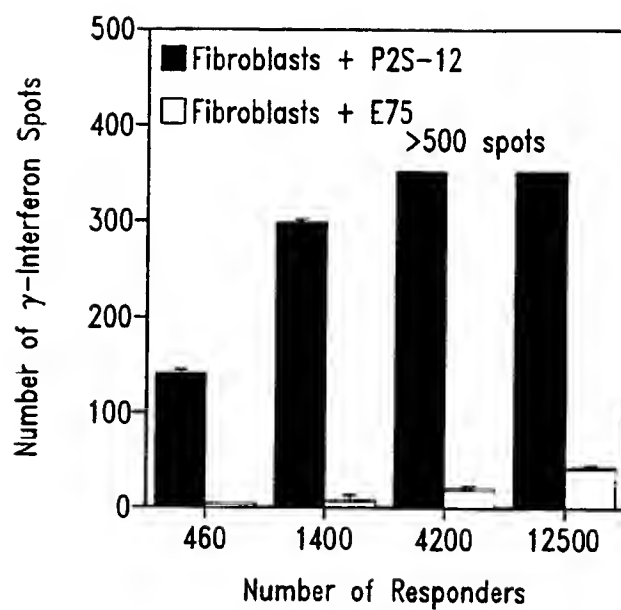
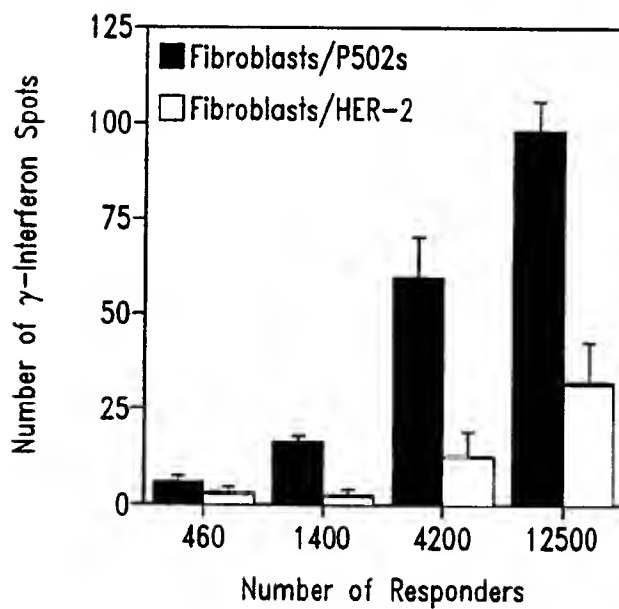
79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

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*Fig. 1*

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

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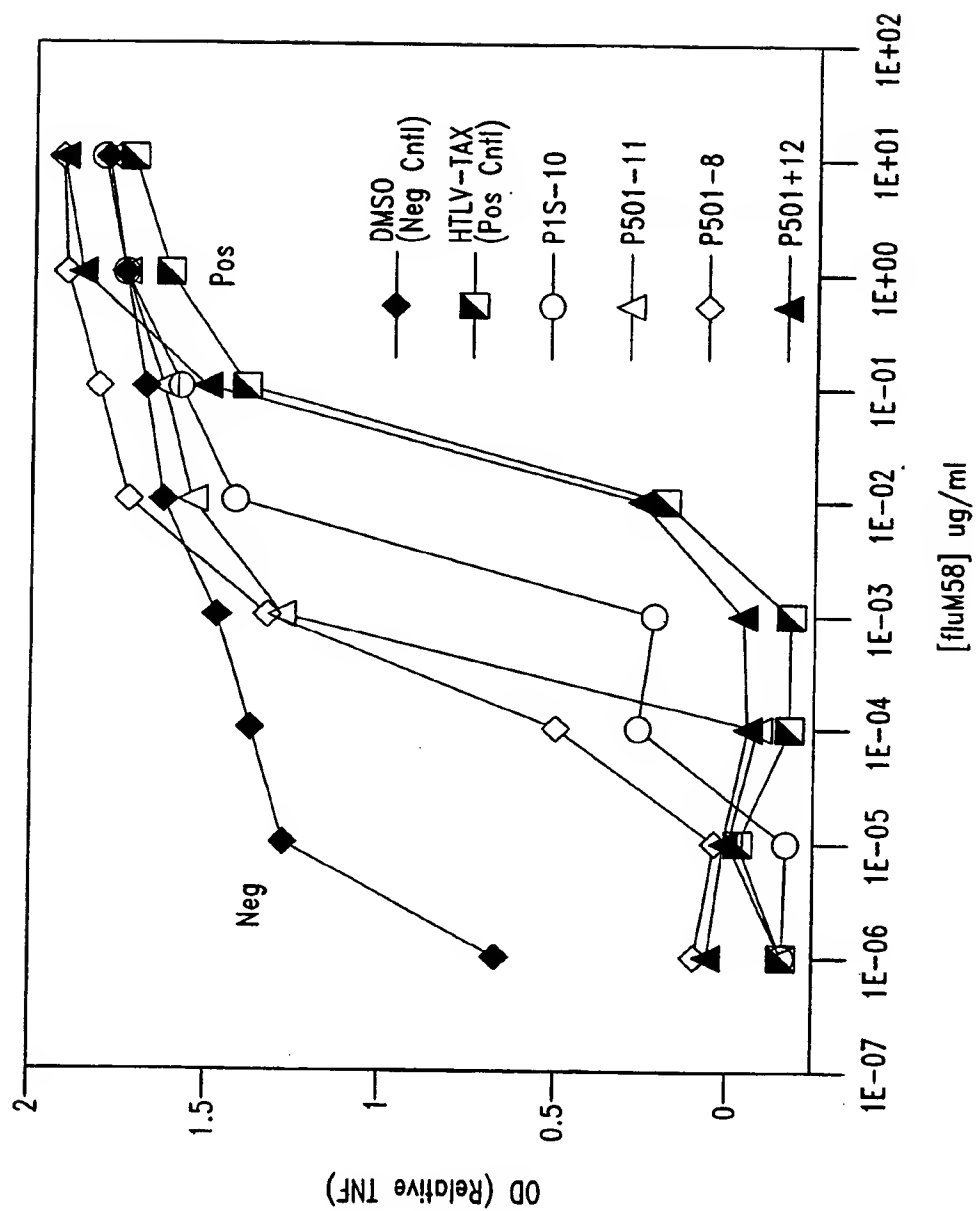
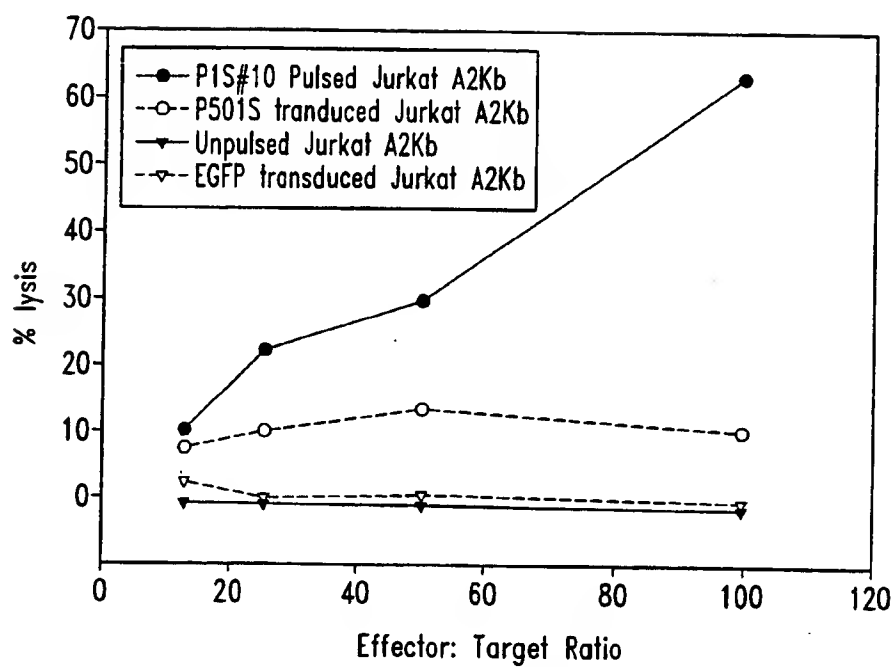
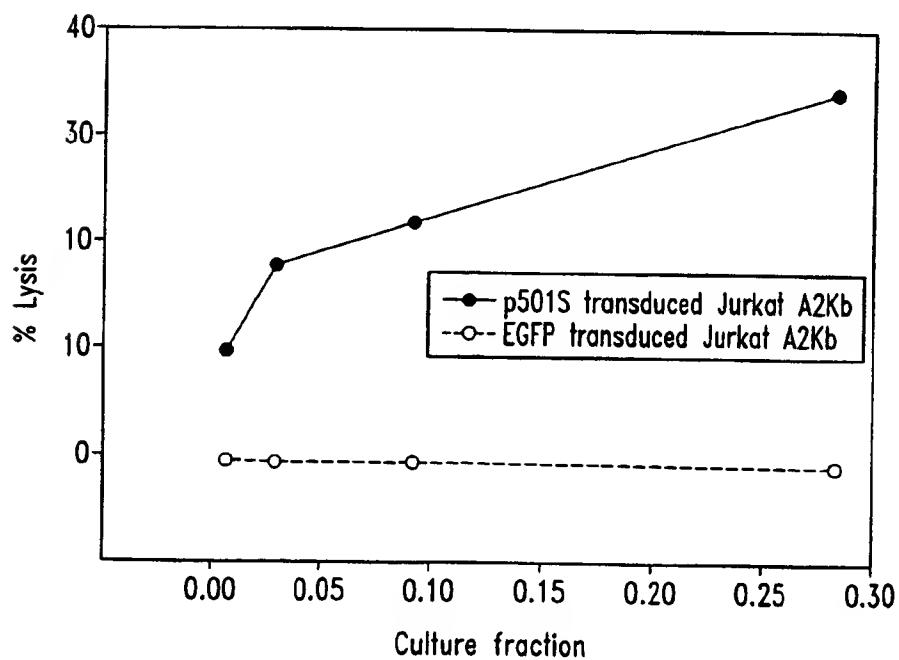
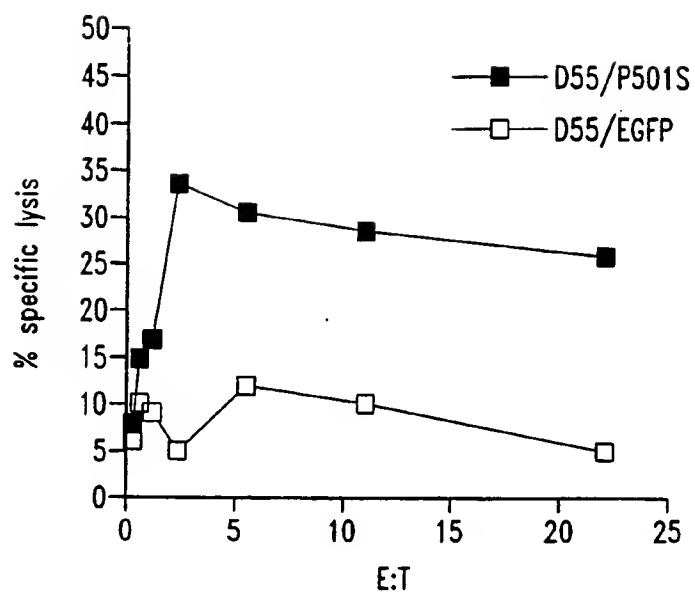
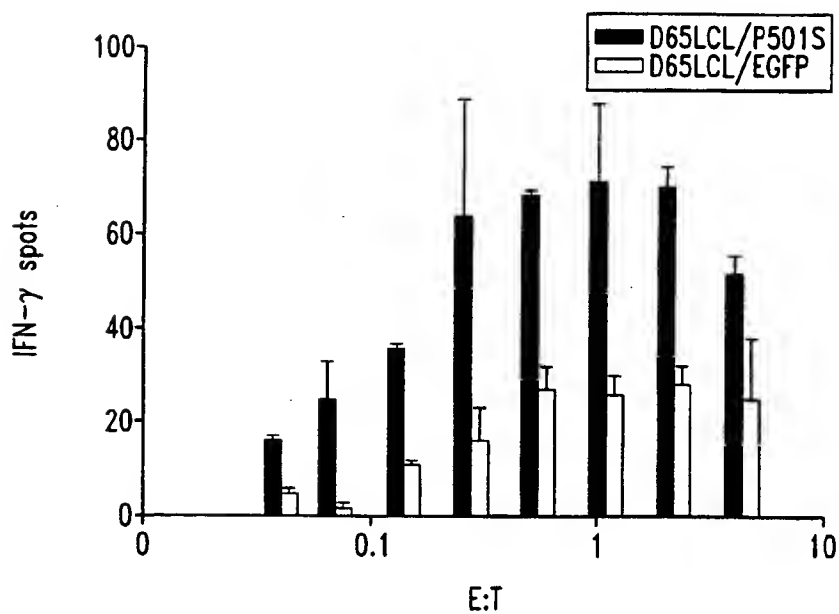


Fig. 3

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*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

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*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

SEQUENCE LISTING

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tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca      240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gacttttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgcctcaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgtcctgtaa      360
gtcgtataga aagggtgctc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctgcaggggg ggcccggtag      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgctcgt ttacaacgtc      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctt tgcagcacat ccccttctcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatancca aaaggcccgcc accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccg cgcattnaac ccccgcnagg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgccg gcgccttanc gcccgtccc tttcnccttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcncncn ctttcccccg ggggttcccc cntcaaacc cna                                773

```

<210> 4

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(828)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

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cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggtgct taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga ccatgttggt tgtgggtgac agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcgat aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct      360

```



```

gngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt 420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc ancttttgtt cccttttagt aggggttaatt 480
gcgcgcttgg cntaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca 540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaacata aantgtaaac ctgggggtgcc taatgantga 600
ctaactcaca ttaattgcgt tgcgctcact gcccgtttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg 660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaacccc ggggaaaagc gtttgcggtt tgggcgctct 720
tccgcttcct cncctantta ntccctncnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccgggtc 780
accnctcca aagggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc 828

```

<210> 5

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

```

tttttttttt tttttactga tagatggaat ttattaagct tttcacatgt gatagcacat 60
agttttaatt gcatccaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatggt 120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggccttt aaaatttggg tttcataaga taatttatac 180
tgaagtaaat ctagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgcttttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta 240
acatttggga taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaatttaat aaataacaaa tacaacattg 300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagttattag 360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatat gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga 420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacagggtt tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat 480
tgaaaacaag tagaaaatga tgagttgatt tttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta 540
tcaccaaccc ctgagttata aaaaattttc aagtatatatt agtcatataa cttgggtgtgc 600
ttattttaaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatgggtccc taatgtgatt 660
gatattgggc atttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggcttttga actggaacat 720
tgnatnacag tggtccanag ttncaacctt ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa 780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tgggtgaaaa ataatttgaa atna 834

```

<210> 6

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacatata gaaatagtca 60
aaccacatct acaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggcttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga 120
tgtaaaagtga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg aggaaagttg agccaataat 180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcggga 240
aatgggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggctttagtg agggtaaaat agagaccag 300
taaaattgtg ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttgttttcta ttagactatg 360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctccctgatgc gagtaatacg gatgtgttta ggagtgggac 420
ttctagggga ttttagcggg tgatgcctgt tgggggcccag tgccctccta gttggggggg 480
aggggctagg ctggagtggg aaaaggctca gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga 540

```

ggtaataaat	aggattatcc	cgtatcgaag	gccttttttg	acagggtggtg	tgtggtggcc	600
ttggtatgtg	ctttctcgtg	ttacatcgcg	ccatcattgg	tatatgggta	gtgtgttggg	660
ttantanggc	ctantatgaa	gaacttttgg	antggaatta	aatcaatngc	ttggccggaa	720
gtcattanga	nggctnaaaa	ggccctgtta	nggggtctggg	ctnggtttta	cccnacccat	780
ggaatncncc	ccccggacna	ntgnatccct	attctttaa			818

<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tggctctaga	gggggtagag	gggggtgctat	agggttaaata	60
cggggccctat	ttcaaagatt	tttaggggaa	ttaattctag	gacgatgggt	atgaaactgt	120
ggtttgctcc	acagatttca	gagcattgac	cgtagtatac	ccccggtcgt	gtagcgggta	180
aagtggtttg	gttttagacgt	ccgggaattg	catctgtttt	taagcctaata	gtggggacag	240
ctcatgagtg	caagacgtct	tgtgatgtaa	ttattatacn	aatgggggct	tcaatcggga	300
gtactactcg	attgtcaacg	tcaaggagtc	gcaggtcgcc	tggttctagg	aataatgggg	360
gaagtatgta	ggaattgaag	attaatccgc	cgtagtcggt	gttctcctag	gttcaataacc	420
attggtggcc	aattgatttg	atggtaaggg	gagggatcgt	tgaactcgtc	tgttatgtaa	480
aggatncctt	ngggatggga	aggcnatnaa	ggactangga	tnaatggcgg	gcangatatt	540
tcaaacngtc	tctanttcct	gaaacgtctg	aaatgttaat	aanaattaan	tttngttatt	600
gaatnttnng	gaaaagggct	tacaggacta	gaaaccaaata	angaaaanta	atnntaangg	660
cnttatcntn	aaaggtnata	accnctccta	tnatcccacc	caatngnatt	ccccacnenn	720
acnattggat	nccccanttc	canaaaanggc	cncctcccg	tgnannccnc	cttttgttcc	780
cttnantgan	ggttattcnc	ccctngcntt	atcance			817

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

catttccggg	tttactttct	aaggaaagcc	gagcggaagc	tgctaacgtg	ggaatcgggtg	60
cataaggaga	actttctgct	ggcacgcgct	agggacaagc	gggagagcga	ctccgagcgt	120
ctgaagcgca	cgtcccagaa	ggtggacttg	gcaactgaaac	agctgggaca	catccgcgag	180
tacgaacagc	gcctgaaagt	gctggagcgg	gaggtccagc	agtgtagccg	cgctcctggg	240
tgggtggccg	angcctganc	cgtctgcct	tgtgtcccc	angtgggccc	ccacccctg	300
acctgcctgg	gtccaaacac	tgagccctgc	tggcggactt	caagganaac	ccccacangg	360
ggattttgct	cctanantaa	ggctcatctg	ggcctcggcc	ccccacctg	gttggccttg	420
tctttgagt	gagccccatg	tccatctggg	ccactgtcng	gaccaccttt	ngggagtgtt	480
ctccttacaa	ccacannatg	ccgggtcct	cccggaacc	antccancc	tgngaaggat	540
caagnccctg	atccactnnt	nctanaaccg	gccnccnccg	cngtggaaac	cnccttntgt	600
tcttttcnt	tnagggttaa	tnncccttg	gcctnccan	ngtccnccn	ntttccnnt	660
gttnaaattg	ttangcnccc	nccnntcccn	cnnccnnan	cccgaccenn	anntnnann	720

nccctgggggt nccnnnngat tgaccenncc nccctntant tgcnttnggg nncnntgccc 780
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat cctcccaggc tgggactggt tctgggagga gccgggcatg ctgtgggttg	60
taangatgac actcccaaag gtggtcctga cagtggccca gatggacatg gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag gccaccaggc gcggggggccg aagccacat gatccttact ctatgagcaa	180
aatcccctgt gggggcttct ccttgaagtc cggcancagg gctcagtctt tggaccang	240
caggtcatgg ggttgtngnc caactggggg ccncaacgca aaanggcncg gggcctcngn	300
caccatccc angacgcggc tacactnctg gacctccnc tccaccactt tcatgcgctg	360
ttcntaccg cgnatntgtc ccnctggtt cngtgccnac tccancttct nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc cgggantcnc nctcccgtt tgtccctatc cagctnccan caacaaattt	480
cncntantg caccnattec cacttttnc agntttcnc nncngcttc cttntaaaag	540
ggttganccc cggaatatnc cccaaagggg gggggccngg tacccaactn cccctnata	600
gctgaantcc ccatnaccnn gntcnatgg ancnctcct ttaannacn tctnaactt	660
gggaanance ctcgncntn ccccnttaa tccnccttg cnangnncnt ccccnntcc	720
nccnnntng gcntntnann cnaaaaaggc ccnnnancaa tctcctnnn cctcanttcg	780
ccanccctcg aaatcgccn c	801

<210> 10

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10

cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtggctgc cgggtgccaca tgccgtgtccc	60
acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gtccaccttc tcagccctgc	120
agatccctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcagggtg ttccctgccca	180
aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc	240
caggccctaa gcctggagct ccctcccta atggacacgt ggggtgctgga ggcagtggcc	300
tgctcccacc tccaccgcg ctctgcgggg cctctgectg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg	360
tggtgggtga gccaccgan gccagggtgg ttccgggccc gggcatctgc ctggacctgc	420
ccatccctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca nggtggccca tccctgttta tgggtcccat	480
tgtccagctc agccagtctg tcaactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt	540
cccatttact ttgtacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttggccaa atactcagcg	600
ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc	660
tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgccatt tctgttgctg ccaaantnat	720
gtggctctct gctgccacct gttgctggt gaagtgenta cngcncant nggggggtng	780
ggngttccc	789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
 cccaccctac ccaaataatta gaCaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
 tttgttaaata aaataagtta aatatttaaa tgcctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
 actttcatat gttcaaatcc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaacc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc 480
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccagctg tgcantacg cacctcaaca 600
 gcacaggggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca 660
 accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca 720
 ggcccnccac cccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctctcc ctaaattntt tc 772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12
 gcccgaattc cagctgccac accaccacag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tacttttttg tcgtgagcct ttgcttggg gcaggtttca 120
 ttggctgtgt tggtagcgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240
 atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300
 ggactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gcccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480
 cnccggctgc gatgaagaaa tnacccncg ttgacaaact tgcattggcag tggganccac 540
 agtggcccna aaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gaccccccaa atgcccactg 600
 ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tganccnatt gnacaagatc tncntggctc 660
 tnatnaacnt gaacctgcn tngtggctcc tgttcaggnc cnnggcctga cttctnaann 720
 aangaactcn gaagncacca cngganannc g 751

<210> 13
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (729)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13
 gagccaggcg tccctctgcc tgccactca gtggcaacac ccgggagctg ttttgcctt 60
 tgtggancct cagcagtncc ctctttcaga actcantgcc aaganccctg aacaggagcc 120
 accatgcagt gcttcagctt cattaagacc atgatgatcc tcttcaattt gctcatcttt 180
 ctgtgtggtg cagccctggt ggcatggggc atctgggtgt caatcgatgg ggcacccctt 240
 ctgaagatct tcgggccact gtcgtccagt gccatgcagt ttgtcaacgt gggctacttc 300
 ctcatcgag ccggcggtgt ggtcttagct ctagggttcc tgggctgcta tgggtgtaag 360
 actgagagca agtggtgccct cgtgacgttc ttcttcaccc tcctcctcat cttcattgct 420
 gaggttgcaa tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480
 tgctggtaat gcctgccatc aanaaaagat tatgggttcc caggaaanact tcaactcaagt 540
 gttggaacac caccatgaaa gggctcaagt gctgtggctt cnnccaacta tacggatttt 600
 gaagantcac ctacttcaaa gaaaanagt cctttccccc atttctgttg caattgacaa 660
 acgtcccca caccagccaat tgaaaacctg caccacaacc aaanggggtcc ccaaccanaa 720
 attnaaggg 729

<210> 14
 <211> 816
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (816)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14
 tgctcttcct caaagttgtt ctgtgtgcca taacaaccac cataggtaaa gcgggagcag 60
 tgctcgctga aggggttgta gtaccagcgc gggatgctct ccttgagag tcctgtgtct 120
 ggcagggtcca cgcagtgcc tttgtcactg gggaaatgga tgcgctggag ctctgcaaag 180
 ccactcgtgt atttttcaca ggcagcctcg tccgacgcgt cggggcagtt gggggtgtct 240
 tcacactcca ggaaactgtc natgcagcag ccattgtgc agcggaactg ggtgggctga 300
 cangtgccag agcacactgg atggcgctt tccatgmnan gggccctgng ggaaagtccc 360
 tganccccc anctgcctct caaangcccc acctgcaca ccccgacagg ctagaatgga 420
 atcttcttcc cgaaaggtag ttnttctgt tgcceancc ancccntaa acaaaactctt 480
 gcanatctgc tccgngggg tcntantacc ancggtggaa aagaacccca ggcngcgaac 540
 caancttgtt tggatncgaa gcnataatct nctnttctgc ttggtggaca gcaccantna 600
 ctgtnnanct ttagnccntg gtcctcntgg gttgnncttg aacctaactn ccnntcaact 660
 gggacaaggt aantngccnt cctttnaatt cccnancntn cccctggtt tgggggtttt 720
 cncnctcta cccagaaan nccgtgttcc ccccaacta ggggcnaaa ccnntnttc 780
 cacaacctn cccacccac ggggtcngnt ggttng 816

<210> 15
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (783)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15

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ccaaggcctg ggcaggcata nacttgaagg tacaacccca ggaacccctg gtgctgaagg      60
atgtggaaaa cacagattgg cgcctactgc ggggtgacac ggatgtcagg gtagagagga      120
aagacccaaa ccaggtggaa ctgtggggac tcaaggaang cacctacctg ttccagctga      180
cagtgactag ctcagaccac ccagaggaca cggccaacgt cacagtcact gtgctgtcca      240
ccaagcagac agaagactac tgcctcgcat ccaacaangt gggtcgctgc cggggctctt      300
tcccacgctg gtactatgac cccacggagc agatctgcaa gagtttcgtt tatggaggct      360
gcttgggcaa caagaacaac taccttcggg aagaagagt cattctancc tgtcnggggtg      420
tgcaaggtgg gcctttgana ngcanctctg gggctcangc gactttcccc cagggccctt      480
ccatggaaag gcgccatcca ntgttctctg gcacctgtca gcccaccag ttccgctgca      540
ncaatggctg ctgcactnac antttcctng aattgtgaca acaccccca ntgccccaa      600
ccctcccaac aaagcttccc tgttnaaaaa tacnccantt ggcttttnac aaacncccg      660
cncctcctnt ttccccnntn aacaaagggc nctngccttt gaactgccn aaccnnggaa      720
tctnccnngg aaaaantncc cccctgggtt cctnnaance cctccnnaa anctncccc      780
ccc

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<210> 16

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16

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gccccaatc cagctgccac accacccacg gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa      60
agctgattga agcaaccctc tacttttttg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggg gcagggttca      120
ttggctgtgt tggtagcgtt gtcatgtcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg      180
aagtaggggt agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc      240
atggtgggtg tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca      300
ggcactacca gcaacgtcag gaagtgtca gccattgtgg tgtacacca ggcgaccaca      360
gcagctgcaa cctcagcaat gaagatgagg aggaggatga agaagaacgt cncgagggca      420
cacttgctct ccgtcttagc accatagcag cccangaaac caagagcaaa gaccacaacg      480
cngctgca atgaaagaaa ntacccacgt tgacaaactg catggccact ggacgcagct      540
tggcccgaan atcttcagaa aagggatgcc ccacgattg aacaccana tgccactgc      600
cnacagggct gcncncncn gaaagaatga gccattgaag aaggatcctc ntggtcttaa      660
tgaactgaaa ccntgcatgg tggcccctgt tcagggctct tggcagtgaa ttctganaaa      720
aaggaacngc ntnagcccc ccaaangana aaacaccccc ggggtgtgcc ctgaattggc      780
ggccaaggan ccctgccccn g

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<210> 17

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(740)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17

```

gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgctgccca ctcaaggcca acaccggga gctgttttgt      60

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```

cctttgtgga gcctcagcag ttccctcttt cagaactcac tgccaagagc cctgaacagg      120
agccaccatg cagtgttca gcttcattaa gaccatgatg atcctcttca atttgctcat      180
ctttctgtgt ggtgcagccc tgttggcagt gggcatctgg gtgtcaatcg atggggcatc      240
ctttctgaag atcttcgggc cactgtcgtc cagtgccatg cagtttgtca acgtgggcta      300
cttctcatc gcagccggcg ttgtggtctt tgctcttggg ttcttgggct gctatggtgc      360
taagacggag agcaagtgtg cctcgtgac gttcttcttc atcctctctc tcacttctcat      420
tgctgaagtt gcagctgctg tggtcgcctt ggtgtacacc acaatggctg aaccattcct      480
gacgttgctg gtantgcctg ccatcaanaa agattatggg ttcccaggaa aaattcactc      540
aantntggaa caccnccatg aaaagggtc caatttctgn tggcttcccc aactataccg      600
gaattttgaa agantcnccc tacttccaaa aaaaaanant tgcctttnc cccnttctgt      660
tgcaatgaaa acntcccaan acngccaatn aaaacctgcc cnnncaaaaa ggntcncaaa      720
caaaaaaant nnaagggttn

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<210> 18

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (802)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18

```

ccgctgggtg cgctggcca gngnagccac gaagcacgtc agcatacaca gcctcaatca      60
caaggtcttc cagctgccgc acattacgca gggcaagagc ctccagcaac actgcatatg      120
ggatacactt tactttagca gccagggtga caactgagag gtgtcgaagc ttattcttct      180
gagcctctgt tagtggagga agattccggg cttcagctaa gtagtacagc tatgtcccat      240
aagcaaacac tgtgagcagc cggaaggtag aggcaaagtc actctcagcc agctctctaa      300
cattgggcat gtccagcagt tctccaaaca cgtagacacc agnggcctcc agcacctgat      360
ggatgagtgt ggccagcgtt gcccccttgg ccgacttggc taggagcaga aattgctcct      420
ggttctgccc tgtcaccttc acttcgcac tcactactgc actgagtgtg ggggacttgg      480
gctcaggatg tccagagacg tggttccgcc cctcnctta atgacaccgn ccanncaacc      540
gtcggctccc gccgantgng ttctcgtnc ctgggtcagg gtctgctggc cinctacttg      600
aancttcgtc nggccccatg aattcacnc accggaactn gtangatcca ctnttctat      660
aaccggnccg caccgcnntt ggaactccac tcttnttnc tttacttgag ggtaaaggtc      720
acccttnncg ttacttggg ccaaaccntn cctgtgtgag anattngtna tcnggnccna      780
tnccancnc atangaagcc ng

```

<210> 19

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19

```

cnaagcttcc aggtnacggg ccgnaancc tgaccnagg tancanaang cagnncgagg      60
gagccaccg tcacngggng gngtctttat nggagggggc ggagccacat cnetggacnt      120
cntgacccca actcccncc ncnantgca gtgatgagtg cagaactgaa ggtnacgtgg      180
caggaaccaa gancaaannc tgctccntc caagtcggcn nagggggcgg ggctggccac      240
gcnatccnt cnagtgtgn aaagcccn cctgtctact tgtttggaga acngcnnga      300

```

```

catgcccagn gttanataac nggcngagag tnanntttgcc tctcccttcc ggctgcgcan      360
cgngtntgct tagnggacat aacctgacta cttaactgaa cccnngaate tncnccccct      420
ccactaagct cagaacaaaa aacttcgaca ccactcantt gtcacctgnc tgctcaagta      480
aagtgtaccc catncccaat gtntgctnga ngctctgncc tgcnttangt tccgtcctgg      540
gaagacctat caattnaagc tatgtttctg actgcctctt gtcacctgna acaancnacc      600
cnncnntcca agggggggnc ggcccccaat ccccccaacc ntnaattnan ttanccccc      660
ccccnggcc cggccttta cnancntenn nmacngggna aaaccnnngc ttncccaac      720
nnaatecncc t                                                                731

```

<210> 20

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(754)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc      60
caacccccctc ntccaaatnn cttttccgg gnggggggttc caaacccaan ttanntttgg      120
annttaaatt aaatnttntt tggnggnnna anccnaatgt nangaaagtt naaccanta      180
tnancttnaa tncctggaaa ccngtngntt ccaaaaatnt ttaaccctta antccctccg      240
aaatngttna nggaaaaccc aanttctent aaggttggtt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc      300
nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attgnttcc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa      360
ggnnancccc ggttantnaa tccccccnnc cccaattata ccganttttt ttngaattgg      420
gancccnccg gaattaacgg ggnnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggnncccc cccntcggg      480
ggttngggnc aggnccnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat cctccnaga aaaaaanctc      540
ccaggntgag nntnggggtt nccccccccc canggccct ctcgnanagt tgggggttgg      600
ggggcctggg attttntttc cctnttnc tccccccccc ccnggganag aggttngngt      660
tttntcnnc ggccccnccn aaganctttn ccganttnan ttaaatecnt gcctnggcga      720
agtcnnttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg                                                                754

```

<210> 21

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(755)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21

```

atcancccat gaccenaac nngggaccnc tcanccggnc nnncnaccnc cggccnatca      60
nngtnagnnc actncnnttn natcacnccc cncnactac gcccnananc cnacgcncta      120
nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn      180
ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacngg nnnatccaat ntgnanccctc cnaagtattn      240
nncnncanat gatthtctn anccgattac cctncccc tancectcc cccccacna      300
cgaaggcnct ggncnaagg nmccgncncc ccgctagntc cccncaagt cncncccta      360
aactcanccn nattacnccg ttcttgagta tctctccc aatctcacc tactcaactc      420
aaaaanaten gatacaaaa atncaagcc tgnattatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt      480
ttagnngtcc ntnaancntc ctaatacttc cagtctncc tcnccaattt cnaanggct      540
ctttcngaca gcatntttg gttcccnntt ggggtcttan ngaattgccc ttctntgaac      600

```



```

gggctcntct tttccttcgg ttancctggg ttcnncgggc cagttattat ttccentttt    660
aaattcntnc cntttanttt tggcnttcna aacccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctggg    720
aaaaggttgt tttganaaaa tttttgtttt gttcc                                755

```

<210> 22

<211> 849

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

```

tttttttttt tttttangtg tngtcgtgca ggtagaggct tactacaant gtgaanacgt    60
acgctnggan taangcgacc cgantttctag ganncnccct aaaatcanac tgtgaagatn    120
atcctgnnna cgggaanggtc accggnggat nntgctaggg tgncnctcc cannnenttn    180
cataactcng nggccctgcc caccaccttc ggcggcccng ngncggggcc cgggtcattn    240
gnnttaaccn cactnngcna ncggtttccn nccccnncng acccnggcga tccggggtnc    300
tctgtcttcc cctgnagncn anaaantggg ccncggncct ctttaccct nnacaagcca    360
cngcctcta nccnngccc cccctccant nngggggact gccnanngt ccgttntctng    420
nnaccccnnn gggtnccctcg gttgtegant cnaccgnang ccanggatc cnaaggaagg    480
tgcgttnttg gcccctaccc ttcgctnccg nncacccttc ccgacnanga nccgtctccg    540
cncnncgnng cctcnccctcg caacacccgc nctctcngt ncggnnnccc cccacccgc    600
nccctcnnc ngncgnancn ctccnccncc gtctcannca ccaccccgcc ccgccaggcc    660
ntcanccacn ggnngacnng nagnccnntc gcncgcgcn gcgnccctc cgcncngaa    720
ctnctcngg ccantnncgc tcaanccnna cnaaacgccg ctgcgcggcc cgnagcgncc    780
ncctcnccga gtctctccgn cttecnaccc angnttccn cgaggacacn nnaccccgcc    840
nncangcgg

```

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

```

gcgcaaaacta tacttcgctc gnactcgtgc gcctcgtcnc tcttttcttc cgcaaccatg    60
tctgacnanc ccgattnggc ngatatenan aagntcganc agtccaaact gantaacaca    120
cacacnncan aganaaatcc nctgccttcc anagtanaen attgaacnng agaaccangc    180
nggcgaatcg taatnaggcg tgcgcgcgcca atntgtcncc gtttatnttn ccagctcnc    240
ctnccnacce tacntcttcn nagctgtcnn acccctngtn cgnaccccc naggtcggga    300
tcgggttttn nntgaccgng cnnccctcc cccctccat nacganccnc ccgcaccacc    360
nanngcncgc nccccgnnet cttegcncnc ctgtcctntn cccctgtngc ctggcnngn    420
accgcattga cctcgcenn ctncnngaaa ncgnanacgt ccgggttggn annanccgtg    480
tgggnnngcg tctgcncgc gttccttcen ncnncttcca ccatcttent tacngggtct    540
ccncccntc tcnnncacnc cctgggacgc tntcctntgc ccccttnnac tccccccctt    600
cgnctgnc cgnccccacc ntcatttnca nacgntcttc acaannncc ggntnnctcc    660
cnancngn cnanccnag ggaagggngg ggnccnntg nttgacgttg ngngngangtc    720
cgaanantcc tcnccntcan cnetaccct cgggcgnnet ctngttnc aacttancaa    780

```

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagcctcnc cccccccnct ctctgcantg tncctctgctc 840
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctctt cc 872

<210> 24
<211> 815
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(815)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24
gcacgcaagc ttgagtattc tatagngtca cctaaatanc ttggcantaat catgggtcnta 60
nctgncttcc tgtgtcaaata gtatacnaaa tanatatgaa tctnatntga caagannngta 120
tctntcatta gtaacaantg tntgtgccat cctgtcngan canattccca tnnattncgn 180
cgcattcncn gncantatn taatngggaa ntcnnntnnn ncaccnncat ctatcntncc 240
gncacctgac tggagagat ggatnattc tntntgacc nacatgttca tcttggattn 300
aanaccccc cgcnngccac cgggttngng cnagccntc ccaagacctc ctgtggaggt 360
aacctgcgtc aganncatca aacntgggaa acccgcncc angtnnaagt ngnnncanan 420
gatcccgctc aggnntnacc atcccttcnc agcgccccct ttngtgcctt anagngnagc 480
gtgtccnanc cncctcaacat ganacgcgcc agnccanccg caattnggca caatgtcngc 540
gaacccccca gggggantna tncaaaancc caggattgtc cncncangaa atcccnanc 600
ccnccctac cennctttgg gacngtgacc aantcccgga gtncaggtcc ggccngnctc 660
ccccaccgt nncntgggg ggggtgaant cngnntcanc cngncgaggn ntcgnaagga 720
accggncctn ggcgaanng ancnntcnga agngccnct cgtataaccc cccctcncca 780
nccnagngt agntcccccc cngggtnccg aangg 815

<210> 25
<211> 775
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(775)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25
ccgagatgtc tcgctccgtg gccttagctg tgctcgcgt actctctctt tctggcctgg 60
aggctatcca gcgtactcca aagattcagg tttactcacg tcatccagca gagaatggaa 120
agtcaaatat cctgaattgc tatgtgtctg ggtttcatcc atccgacatt gaanttgact 180
tactgaagaa tgganagaga attgaaaaag tggagcattc agacttgtct ttcagcaagg 240
actggctctt ctatctcntg tactacactg aattcaccac cactgaaaaa gatgagtatg 300
cctgccgtgt gaaccatgtg actttgtcac agcccaagat agttaagtgg gatcgagaca 360
tgtaagcagn cncatggaa gtttgaagat gccgcatttg gattggatga attccaaatt 420
ctgcttgctt gcnttttaat antgatatgc ntatacacc taccctttat gnccccaaat 480
tgtaggggtt acatnantgt tcnctntgga catgatcttc cttataant cncntntcg 540
aattgcccgt cncnngttt ngaatgtttc cnaaaccacg gttggctccc ccaggtcncc 600
tcttacggaa gggcctgggc cnccttncaa ggttggggga accnaaaatt tncctntgc 660
cncnccncca cnccttgng nncncanttt ggaacccttc cnattccctt tggcctcnna 720
nccttnncta anaaaacttn aaancgtngc naaannnttn acttcccccc ttacc 775

<210> 26

<211> 820

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(820)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

```

anattantac agtgaatct tttcccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat      60
cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgcctt gaccaagagc tgctgggcac atttcctgca      120
gaaaagggtg cggtcccat cactcctcct ctcccatagc catcccagag ggggtgagtag      180
ccatcangcc ttcggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca      240
ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt ccctgnaccg ggggtggcna nganagccta      300
nctgaggggt cacactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cacctgcttc aagtgcaccc      360
ttcctacctg acnaccagng accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcnetg ggancagcta      420
acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggccg tncgentccc tggctctgnc aagggaaget      480
ccctgttgga attncgggga naccaaggga nccccctcct ccantgtga aggaaaaann      540
gatggaatct tnccttccg gccnntcccc tcttcttta cagccccct nntactctc      600
tccctctntt ntcctgnenc acttttnacc ccnnnatctt ccttnattga tcggannctn      660
ganattccac tnnegcctnc cntenateng naanacnaaa nactntctna cccnggggat      720
gggnnccctg ntcactctct ctttttctct accnccnntt ctttgctctt ccttngatca
780tcccaacntc gntggcctn ccccccnntt tcttttcccc
820

```

<210> 27

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27

```

tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tctcagga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct      60
tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga      120
ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggctc cagggtccag ggaggggcgc      180
ctgctgagca ctccgcccc tcacctgcc cagccctgct catgagctct gggctgggtc      240
tccgctcca gggttctgct ctccangca ngccancaag tggcgtggg ccacactggc      300
ttcttctgc ccentcctg gctctgante tctgtcttcc tgctctgtgc angcnccttg      360
gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt      420
tatnaccnan tggnetgtnc tgtcnnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc      480
nctcccttcc anttcnnna accngettnc cntctctcc centancccg ccngggaanc      540
ctcctttgcc ctnaccangg gccnnnaccg ccctnnctn ggggggcnng gtnnctncnc      600
ctgntnnccc cnetcncnt tncctctcc cnnncnegen nngcannttc nengtccenn      660
tnnetctctn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngncn ngntnntnctn tccctctenc      720
cnnntgnang tntttnnnnc ncnngncccc nnnnncnnnn nggnntnnnn tctnncngc      780
cccncccccc ngnattaagg cctcncntct ccggcenc
818

```

<210> 28

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tcccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angaggggtg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaaggn	tttnagggat	ttttcggctc	ttatcagtat	180
ntanattcct	gtnaatcgga	aaatnatntt	tcnncnggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attnctcccg	ggtagtgcac	nttngggggg	cngccangtt	tcccaggctg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtgggan	tncaaatgaa	aacctnncac	agagnatccn	tacccgactg	360
tnnnntnctt	tcgcccctntg	actctgcnn	agcccaatac	ccnngngnat	gtcncccnng	420
nnngcgnnc	tgaaannnn	tcgnggctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttcncat	naaggcactt	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcnncca	tttngccgctc	540
nggttcnctt	acgctnntng	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	ccgcctnggg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggnccttntc	ttttnacnnc	gnggtntact	aatcnnctnc	acgcntnctt	660
tctcnacccc	cccccttttt	caatcccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctcccenn	cgangggggg	720
nnnccannnc	c					731

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

actagtccag	tgtggtggaa	ttccattgtg	ttggggncnc	ttctatgant	antnttagat	60
cgctcanacc	tcacanccctc	ccnacnangc	ctataangaa	nannaataga	nctgtncnnt	120
atntntacnc	tcatanncct	cnnnaccac	tcctctttaa	ccctactgtg	gcctatngcn	180
tnnctantct	ntgccgcctn	cnanccaccn	gtggggccnac	cncnngnatt	ctcnatctcc	240
tcnccatntn	gcctananta	ngtncatacc	ctataacctac	nccaatgcta	nnnctaancn	300
tccatnannt	annntaacta	ccactgaent	ngactttcnc	atnanctcct	aatttgaatc	360
tactctgact	cccacngcct	annnattagc	ancntcccc	nacnatntct	caaccaaadc	420
ntcaacaacc	tatctanctg	ttcnccaacc	nttnccctccg	atccccnnac	aacccccctc	480
ccaaataccc	nccacctgac	ncctaaccnn	caccatcccc	gcaagccnan	ggncatttan	540
ccactggaat	cacnatngga	naaaaaaaac	ccnaactctc	tancncnnat	ctccctaana	600
aatnctcctn	naatttactn	ncantnccat	caanccccacn	tgaaacnnaa	cccctgtttt	660
tanatccctt	ctttcgaaaa	ccnacccttt	annncccaac	ctttngggcc	cccccnctnc	720
ccnaatgaag	gncncccaat	cnangaaacg	nccntgaaaa	ancnaggcna	anannntccg	780
canatcctat	cccttanttn	ggggnccttt	nccnngggcc	cc		822

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(787)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30

cgccgcctg	ctctggcaca	tgccctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctcccctt	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtcgtgg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggagggcc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccacg	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	cccattatct	ccagnangac	atggtgtttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccatggggc	ctgnaaggcc	agggtctcct	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggccgtggga	tccactantt	ctanaacggn	cgccaccncg	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tcccnttaat	gaagggtaat	tgncgccttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tntttcctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	ttntccccct	ncnattccnc	ncnacatacn	aacccggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagcctgg	gggtngcctn	nngaattnaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgctttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtentccc	ctgenttnnt	gaatcgcca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcgggt	tgcnttttng	ggggnccctt	ccncttcccc	cctcnctaan	ccctncgcct	720
cggtcgttnc	nggtngcggg	gaangggnat	nnnctccnc	naaggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

<210> 31

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgctactg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggaggagg	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tectgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgaggggt	gggggccacc	agtcagggg	tgggagcaat	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtn	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctacgattc	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tgttctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttet	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttgggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gcccacctct	cccntcnaa	aagtaattca	ccccccccc	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatcnccn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	agccacagcc	gtncncctc	cccatagnan	600
nttttnncnt	canctaatac	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	ttcccccccn	tgggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgnctcg	ggnnncngn	cnegnantcc	ccaggtctct	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgcacgea	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnncnac	780
ctegccccc	ccnncgng					799

<210> 32

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
ttttncnag	ggcaggttta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcggcg	gcggcggcgg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgc	tgatnttcc	ctgcagctgc	aggatgcent	aaaacagggc	ctcgccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcance	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	ccnccnccg	ttggcncact	ccccntggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctggtct	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
ncnccacaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaancn	ccccaaaacc	480
ggnccatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnca	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagttc	ttgnngcccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcac	600
ccccctggcc	cccaaatcct	ccccccgntt	netgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggnnggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccggtgggc	ccnnccteta	ngaaaacncc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatcccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(793)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggtggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtattt	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttggtcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggtctggtt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggnccgccacc	gcggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgaggggta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatttt	aaagcctggg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtcgggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncttccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgccgna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(756)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34

gccgcgaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcagtgga	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagttc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccgtag	catactggag	180
atcgggggcc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatcccc	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaaat	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttcctg	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggtgcc	tgccaanga	catacanacc	aatgtctaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttcctgg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccgcg	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcct	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaaatcgng	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	tttctnctga	aggcccccg	600
atnncntagt	nctagaatcg	gcccgcctac	gcggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttnccct	660
ttactgaggg	tttattgccc	cccttggcgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	ccccacaa	tccacgcna	cattnng			756

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

ggggatctct	anactnacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcgggtg	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggtc	gctgtnttta	agttgctcag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cncctctggg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttcngg	gctgtctgct	cgggtgaactc	gatgacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tggtgacctc	cccttcaaag	ttgttcgggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannancc	canccttgctc	gagctggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcacctgt	360
ggaaaactgat	cccaaagtgt	atgtcatcca	tgcctctgtc	tgcttgcaaa	aaacttgctt	420
ggcncaaatac	cgactcccn	tccttgaaag	aagccnatca	cacccccctc	cctggactcc	480
nncaangact	ctnccgctnc	ccntccnng	cagggttggg	ggcannccgg	gcccctgctc	540
ttcttcagcc	agttcacnat	nttcatcagc	ccctctgcca	gctgttntat	tccttggggg	600
ggaanccgtc	tctcccttcc	tgaannaact	ttgaccgtng	gaatagccgc	gcntcncnt	660
acntnctggg	ccgggttcaa	antccctccn	ttgncntcn	cctcgggcca	ttctggattt	720
nccnaacttt	ttccttccc	cnccccncgg	ngtttgntt	tttcatnggg	ccccaaactc	780
gctnttgccc	antcccttgg	gggcntntan	cnccccctnt	ggccccntng	ggcc	834

<210> 36

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cgngcgttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacnn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgccc	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaa	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccccgtga	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360

```

ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc      420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc      480
aggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgcca anantaccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag      540
gcccctgaac ganatgcttc cancanctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatgggtgcc      600
cttcgggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttcct ggggcccant cctcctttg ttnccttacgt      660
tgtnttggac ccntgctngn atnaccnaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tncctctggc      720
atgtganttt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaaagca cnattccctn ggcncnaaan      780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn                                814

```

<210> 37

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(760)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37

```

gcatgtctgt cttcctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg      60
gcgcagtggt cgctgaaggg gttgtagtac cagcgcgggg tgctctcctt gcagagtcct      120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tctactggggg aatggatgcg ctggagctcg      180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gcctcctccg aagcntccgg gcagttgggg      240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt      300
gggctgacag gtgccagAAC acactggatn ggcctttcca tggaaaggcc tgggggaaat      360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgacac ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc      420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aaccaaaanc      480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggcatnnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccgcgngn      540
ganccncctt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt ctgtcttggg tggaaanagca      600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggcgngttc cncnnggggt gtctgaaact aatcacgctc      660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaantt cccctngntt tgggtntttt      720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc cntanggcg                                760

```

<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttaaaaa cccctccat tgaatgaaaa      60
cttcnnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcncccaa atnccattt cggggggggg gttccaaacc      120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatnt tnattngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa      180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatnccctn gaaaccntg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc      240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaaggtt      300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cnnngctnaa ntatttngnt tccgggtgtt      360
tcctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccgnataat gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt      420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna cgggggtttt tcccttttgg gggccatncc      480
ccncttttgc ggggttgggn ntagggtgaa ttttttnang ncccaaaaaa ncccccaana      540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaantnc ccccttccca ggccttttgg gaaaggnggg      600

```



```

tttntggggg ccngggantt cnttccccn ttneccccc cccccnggt aaanggttat 660
ngnntttggt ttttgggccc cttnanggac cttccggaatn gaaattaaat ccccggnncg 720
gccg 724

```

<210> 39

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(751)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39

```

ttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca 60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt 120
tttatttatt ttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttggtg ccttttttcc tttttctgta 180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaac tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt 240
cgcaaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga 300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgetnaangc tttaattana 360
cttggggggt ccctccccc accaaccnccn ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg 420
tcccggennt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnccnc caggtnaaaa 480
tgaaggggta ccatntttta cncacactcc acntggennn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn 540
ccctcaancn aatnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtc cnccegggct ccgggaantn 600
cacccccnga anncnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tcccnntcnc tcaattcccc 660
cnnagactnt cctcnnncn cncaatttcc ttttnntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaatgn 720
nnnnncctc cnetngtcn naatcnccan c 751

```

<210> 40

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(753)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40

```

gtgggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat 60
agatgaaaac cccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcca agcagccggg gtaggagggg 120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggtctc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa 180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaact 240
tctcaaagt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccaggatn agcttgggggt 300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggcctcccgc aggaaggcna 360
ataaaagggt cgccccgca ccgttcant cgcaacttc naanaccatg angttgggt 420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc 480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgcccn gncccaancc ccgggtcct 540
aaanccaccn cctcctentt tcatctgggt tntntcccc ggacntgggt tctctcaag 600
ggancccata tctcnaccan tactcaccnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn 660
tccccnccg ncctctggcc cntcaaan gcttnacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc 720
tneectatct gnacccnncn tttgtctcan tnt 753

```

<210> 41

<211> 341
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
 actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60
 agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
 ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180
 tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240
 tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300
 ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42
 acttactgaa tttagttctg tgctcttctt tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60
 gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a 101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43
 acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcttg gtcctcaccc 60
 tccagggtgg tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120
 tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgttt cagaaagtct aagaaaccca 180
 cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240
 tggatacaga acgagagtta tcttgataa ctcagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggccgc 300
 tcgaa 305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44
 acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct 60
 gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt ggttgtgtgc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120
 ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180
 ccagaatttc tctttttag tagtatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240
 tgctgttgtt cttcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300
 agacgcctc agatcggctt tccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360
 ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttgggtgtggc 420
 acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcctttttca taccaggtga ctctgcaaca ggaagggtgac 480
 tgggtggtgt catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtatt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540
 tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag 600

```

gctcagtttg ttcagtcttg acaatgacat tgtgtgtgga ctggaacagg tcactactgc      660
actggccggt ccacttcaga tgctgcaagt tgctgtagag gagntgcccc gccgtccctg      720
ccgcccgggt gaactcctgc aaactcatgc tgcaaagggt ctgccggttg atgtcgaaact      780
cntggaaagg gatacaattg gcatccagct ggttggtgtc caggaggtga tggagccact      840
cccacacctg gt

```

```

<210> 45
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 45
acaacagacc cttgctcgct aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg      60
agtctgacac catccggagc atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaaactctt      120
gcctcgtttc tggctgggggt ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg      180
tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggagggtc gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgt          234

```

```

<210> 46
<211> 590
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (590)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 46
actttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atgggtgtgta      60
atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa      120
aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaata gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa      180
tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca attttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta      240
aaagctttca aaanaanaaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatggtat      300
caggataaan aactgaaggg canaaagaat taattttcac ttcattgtaac ncacccanat      360
ttacaatggc ttaaatgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggtctttc      420
tggtctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggtcttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag      480
ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct      540
gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt          590

```

```

<210> 47
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (774)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 47
acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtggggana gattttaaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc      60
tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggcct caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac      120
gcttcactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg      180
cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaag gggacaaaag ctaatcccaa      240
aacatcaaag aaaggaaggt ggctcatatc ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtctc      300

```

```

cctcaccctt ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccagggt atattccttg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga 600
tccccactc cttagaggca agatagggtg gtttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc 660
aggctgctgg cttcaaattn tggtcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

```

<210> 48

<211> 124

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(124)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48

```

canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
tggt 124

```

<210> 49

<211> 147

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(147)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49

```

gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggagggt ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtc gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

```

<210> 50

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 50

```

acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatataattgc 60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

```

<210> 51

<211> 204

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 51

```

gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60

```

```

cggggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag      120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttgGCCA      180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt                                             204

```

<210> 52

<211> 491

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(491)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52

```

acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa ttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta      60
gggtattttt caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca      120
ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa      180
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt      240
tcanaaacac ttctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca      300
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc      360
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct ttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat      420
caattttatt tggataacaa aggggtctcca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat      480
atcactcttg t                                             491

```

<210> 53

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

```

acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga      60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac      120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct      180
caatcaaadc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacgtt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct      240
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc      300
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct      360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccnng      420
tancctgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc nccgatgttc      480
cant                                             484

```

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

```

actaaacctc gtgcttggtga actccataca gaaaacgggtg ccatccctga acacggctgg      60
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag      120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t                                             151

```

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggatgtg cgttggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
 <211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
 atttaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatagaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59

acaacaaatg ggttgtgagg aagtcttatac agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat	60
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt	120
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa	180
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccaggcct acagggtggt tccagacttt ccagaccag	240
cagaaggaaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt	300
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt	330

<210> 60

<211> 175

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60

accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcttgacggc tcttcacca acatctggtt ctacttcggc	60
gtcgtgggct ccttctctt catctcacc cagctgggtg tgctcatcga ctttgccgac	120
tcttggaaac agcgggtggc gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt	175

<210> 61

<211> 154

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 61

accccacttt tcttctgtg agcagctctg acttctcact gctacatgat gaggggtgagt	60
ggttgttgct cttcaacagt atcttccct ttcggatct gctgagccg acagcagtg	120
tggactgcac agccccggg ctccacattg ctgt	154

<210> 62

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62

cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga	30
----------------------------------	----

<210> 63

<211> 89

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc	60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt	89

<210> 64

<211> 97

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64

accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag	60
aatcagtga tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggt	97

<210> 65
 <211> 377
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (377)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 acaacaanaa ntcccttctt tagggcactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60
 gcatggcgctc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tgggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
 ccaacctgg tctaccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggg 180
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agagggaagct caatgagaaa 240
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
 tgggggtgaa ctaccccan gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 acgcctttcc ctccagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttcctccg ttgttgctg 60
 agaaccctgtg tgccccttcc caccatattc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
 aggaactaac tgcacctgg tccctctccc agtcccagtc tcacctcca tccctcacct 180
 tctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggttt 240
 ttatatattt ttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
 tgttt 305

<210> 67
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggt ctgagagttc 120
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
 tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
 ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatac 360
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
 <211> 73
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggcacacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagagggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtccct gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
 atgaccccta acagggggccc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tcctcactact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccctccaa ctaggaggggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcacc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcatacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattgggtta 120
 tgtgatttta gtggtatttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attattttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtttg aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaatagggtg gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgtaat ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
<211> 511
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(511)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcggtgta 60
aatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganacgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanaagt 240
gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttga aaacgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
aaatacacc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
<211> 499
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(499)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
cagtccagc actggtgcca gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgcc gtgccagcac 60
cagtgtggc ttcagtgtg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
tggccttggg ggagctggtg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtcttcc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagtggaca 300
ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
catctgttgt ttgccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgaccc tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(537)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

ttatcagctt	aactcagata	aatcattga	aagtaataag	gtaaaagcta	gtctctaact	120
tccagcccca	cggtcaagt	gaatttgaat	actgcattta	cagtgtagag	taacacataa	180
cattgtatgc	atggaaacat	ggaggaacag	tattacagt	tcctaccact	ctaatacaaga	240
aaagaattac	agactctgat	tctacagtga	tgattgaatt	ctaaaaatgg	taatcattag	300
ggcttttgat	ttataanact	ttgggtactt	atactaaatt	atggtagtta	tactgccttc	360
cagtttgctt	gatataattg	ttgatattaa	gattcttgac	ttatattttg	aatgggttct	420
actgaaaaan	gaatgatata	ttcttgaaga	catcgatata	catttattta	cactcttgat	480
tctacaatgt	agaaaatgaa	ggaaatgccc	caaattgtat	ggtgataaaa	gtcccgt	537

<210> 75

<211> 467

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(467)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75

caaanacaat	tgttcaaaaag	atgcaaatga	tacactactg	ctgcagctca	caaacacctc	60
tgcataattac	acgtacctcc	tctgtctcct	caagtagtgt	ggtctatttt	gccatcatca	120
cctgctgtct	gcttagaaga	acggctttct	gctgcaangg	agagaaatca	taacagacgg	180
tggcacaagg	aggccatctt	ttctctcatg	gttattgtcc	ctagaagcgt	cttctgagga	240
tctagttggg	ctttctttct	gggtttgggc	catttcantt	ctcatgtgtg	tactattcta	300
tcattattgt	ataacggttt	tcaaaccngt	gggcacncag	agaacctcac	tctgtaataa	360
caatgaggaa	tagccacggg	gatctccagc	accaaactct	tccatgttnt	tccagagctc	420
ctccagccaa	cccaaatagc	cgctgctatn	gtgtagaaca	tccctgn		467

<210> 76

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76

aagctgacag	cattcggggc	gagatgtctc	gctccgtggc	cttagctgtg	ctcgcgctac	60
tctctctttc	tggcctggag	gctatccagc	gtactccaaa	gattcaggtt	tactcacgtc	120
atccagcaga	gaatggaaaag	tcaaatttcc	tgaattgcta	tgtgtctggg	tttcatccat	180
ccgacattga	agttgactta	ctgaagaatg	gagagagaat	tgaaaaagtg	gagcattcag	240
acttgctttt	cagcaaggac	tggtctttct	atctcttgta	ctacactgaa	ttcaccctca	300
ctgaaaaaga	tgagtatgcc	tgccgtgtga	accatgtgac	tttgtcacag	cccaagatng	360
ttnagtggga	tcanacatg	taagcagcan	catgggaggt			400

<210> 77

<211> 248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77

ctggagtgcc	ttggtgtttc	aagcccctgc	aggaagcaga	atgcaccttc	tgaggcacct	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

```

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc      120
caggcactgt tcatctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgtctcc ggcaagcgct tctgctgaaa      180
gttcatatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggctc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa      240
aaaaaaaaa                                     248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca      60
tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccga cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac      120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttggtt ataaatgcct      180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                     201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg      60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt      120
cctctttcct ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag      180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtggt atatatatcc attcaaaatt      240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact      300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttggt agtttgggaa gccaaattga      360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttggggtat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta      420
ttcccaggaa tatgggggtc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac      480
cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gentgactta tttccaaaaa      540
aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga      60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct      120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt      180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtacta      240
aggttaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac      300
tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcacttgg agtcctcctt gggggttgat aggaantntc      360

```

```
tcttggcttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatgtt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476
```

```
<210> 81
<211> 232
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(232)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 81
tttttttttg tatgcentcn ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccttgga ggagcccagt 60
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctggggggtc ttcttggtc tgccctcca ttcccagct 120
ctcatcccca tcttgcaactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgct ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180
actcagtcag cggaataag tcctaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232
```

```
<210> 82
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 82
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtcca gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg 120
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctggtg 180
ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcaaaaacc tactcaaac 300
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383
```

```
<210> 83
<211> 494
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(494)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 83
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgacccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgcctgtc ctctgagggg ccttaaaactg 240
atgtcttttc tgcacactgt tacccctcgg agactccgta accaaaactct tcggactgtg 300
agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
```

```

tatgcttggtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata ntccagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

```

<210> 84

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84

```

gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggagg gtccttgagg caccgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttctgg 180
gcacacccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380

```

<210> 85

<211> 481

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

```

gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggctctctgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttggccacca cctcctgcat ctgggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgctcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagtgag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtcctt tgggtggnngc gcntnccttt 480
t 481

```

<210> 86

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

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aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgath ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaana gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg      180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcacttttct      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgttnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

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<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

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agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaatth ttgtgtgctg      60
tgtgtgtgct cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tactttttgta aaagcttatg      120
cctcttttgt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct      180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa ttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctgggtgaga aattncataa      360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanannn catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

```

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

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cgagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg cccactccc cgcgtccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggcgc ggcccctgcg cgcctcgctg ctcctgctgg ccactctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgc ctccagtccc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt      180
gggaggccca tggaccccgcc gtggaagaag aagggtgtgcg gcgtgactg gactttgccg      240
tcggcnanta caacaaacc gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgtgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaanata ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt ncccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgnctctttc caaattht              448

```

<210> 89

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattggggc aggatgcttt gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc	120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag ttgtgccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca agttnnttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcatc	240
tttnatgtn agacttgccct ctntnaaatt gcttttgnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc	463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa ggtctnttnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt	60
cttcactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaaat	120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttcact	180
tcctttgtta agacttcac tggtaaagtc ttaagtttg tagaaaggaa ttttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa caatgtctc tccttgaagt atttggtga acaaccacc tnaagtcct	300
ttgtgcatcc attttaata tacttaatag ggcattggt cactagggtta aattctgcaa	360
gagtcactctg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcca	400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtget ggtgattctc acacacctcc nncgctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcaccacga	240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgctt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact aaccgctgg tttgcctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataga	360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctggt	420
ngatcagggt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natccaccca	cgaagatgcg	cttgttgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
ggtcccgcgtg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggcttgg	ggttgacggt	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgaact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgacgcgaaa	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaacctttcg	cctgtttctt	ggcgtcacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	caggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgccctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctctgg	ccttccccctc	120
cgcctcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgttttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtg	180
tgattttact	tgggaatttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgcta	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatgtt	tgccctgttna	gttgataaaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tatttattgg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggctc	cagttcccag	tggaagaaac	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgaccc	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgacctct	120
ccaaggaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaagggg	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacacctctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggtccc	ctctcagtc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acacccaccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgtntc	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaa

495

<210> 95

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95

ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattggtg gagaataact gctgaatttt	120
tagctgtttt gatttgattc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact	180
tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt	240
atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgtnn aattatgatt gccattatta	300
atcggaacaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac	360
ttgggtattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attcttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata	420
tttanttcan taatttcttt ccttggtttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at	472

<210> 96

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(476)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96

ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agttgacaat	60
gtgggtgaaat ttcaaaaatta tatgtaactt ctactagttt tactttctcc cccaagtctt	120
ttttaactca tgatttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcttt	180
attcttcaca gtatgatgatg aaagagtctt ccagtgtctt gngcanaatg ttctagntat	240
agctggatac atacngtggg agttctataa actcatacct cagtgggact naacccaaat	300
tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attcttatct	360
gcaggtactc ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt	420
tacaaagtct atcttctcta nangtctgtn aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt	476

<210> 97

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97

actcttttcta atgctgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaatggata	60
aaataatgct gcaaaacttaa tgttcttatg caaaatggaa cgctaataaa acacagctta	120

```

caatcgcaaa tcaaaactca caagtgtctca tctgtttag atttagtgtg ataagactta      180
gattgtgctc cttcggatat gattgtttct canatcttgg gcaatnttcc ttagtcaaat      240
caggctacta gaattctgtt attggatatn tgagagcatg aaatttttaa naatacactt      300
gtgattatna aattaatcac aaatttcact tatacctgct atcagcagct agaaaaacat      360
ntnnttttta natcaaagta ttttgtgttt ggaantgtnn aaatgaaatc tgaatgtggg      420
ttcnatctta tttttcccn gacnactant tnctttttta gggncatttc tganccatc      479

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<210> 98
 <211> 461
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 98
agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta      60
tgctagtccc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca      120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga      180
agtgattcag ttctctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatactca tgcagcttta      240
tgaagccact ctgaacacgc tggttatcta gatgagaaca gagaaataaa gtcagaaaat      300
ttacctggag aaaagaggct ttggctgggg accatcccat tgaaccttct cttaaggact      360
ttaagaaaaa ctaccacatg ttgtgtatcc tgggtgccgc cgtttatgaa ctgaccacc      420
tttggataaa tcttgacgct cctgaacttg ctctctgcg a                        461

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<210> 99
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 99
gtggccgcgc gcaggtgttt cctcgtaccg cagggccccc tcccttcccc aggcgtccct      60
cggcgccctct gcgggcccga ggaggagcgg ctggcggttg gggggagtgt gaccaccct      120
cggtgagaaa agccttctct agcgatctga gaggcgtgcc ttgggggtac c          171

```

<210> 100
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 100
cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggcgc tgccgacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc      60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg cagggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc      120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga      180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaagcgggag gcctcgggga gcccctcggg aaggcgggcc      240
cgagagatac gcaggtgcag gtggccgcc
                                                                269

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<210> 101
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 101
tttttttttt ttttgaatc tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca      60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg      120
ttgattgggt tgtctttatg gggcggggtt ggggtagggg aaacgaagca aataacatgg      180
agtgggtgca ccctccctgt agaacctggt taaaaagctt ggggcagttc acctgggtctg      240
tgaccgtcat tttcttgaca tcaatgttat tagaagtcag gatattcttt agagagtcca      300

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ctgttctgga gggagattag gggttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagttg 360
 gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcattatc tcatatcggg ggcca 405

<210> 102
 <211> 470
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 102
 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
 ggcacttaat ccatttttat ttcaaaatgt ctacaaattt aatcccatta tacggtattt 120
 tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccaa ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180
 atatacttct ttcagcaaac ttgttacata aattaaaaaa atatatacgg ctggtgtttt 240
 caaagtacaa ttatcttaac actgcaaaaca ttttaaggaa ctaaaataaa aaaaaacact 300
 ccgcaaagggt taaagggaac aacaaattct ttacaacac cattataaaa atcatatctc 360
 aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact tttactcact ttgtttattt 420
 ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatcccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103
 <211> 581
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 103
 tttttttttt ttttttttga ccccccctct ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60
 tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
 taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttagggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
 gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
 atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcatttt 300
 gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
 agggaaaaca ggaagagaaa tggcacacaa aacaaacatt ttatattcat atttctacct 420
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 ccattttagt cactaaacga tatcaaagtg ccagaatgca aaagggttgt gaacatttat 540
 tcaaaagcta atataagata tttcacatac tcatctttct g 581

<210> 104
 <211> 578
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 104
 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttctctt cttttttttt gaaatgagga tcgagttttt 60
 cactctctag atagggcatg aagaaaactc atctttccag ctttaaaata acaatcaaat 120
 ctcttatgct atatcatatt ttaagttaaa ctaatgagtc actggcttat cttctcctga 180
 aggaaatctg ttcattcttc tcattcatat agttatatca agtactacct tgcattattga 240
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 aaatcacatt tacgacagca ataataaaac tgaagtacca gttaaaatc caaaataatt 480
 aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttacaagca tttattagaa 540
 tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105
 <211> 538
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105

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gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtttg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	ataraccaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
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ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

<210> 106

<211> 473

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

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atattattagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttaa	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taagggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatatttct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatccccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcttc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcctc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgttcca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

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ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggta	cgctgggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgcgctgc	tgcggcgtct	gtgcaaagcg	tcggatgtgc	tgctggagcc	240
cttcgccgcg	ggtgtcatgg	agaaactcca	gctgggcccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgcca	ggctgagtgg	atttggccag	tcaggaaagt	tctgccgggt	360
agctggccac	gatatcaact	atttggcttt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgccc	cgtggaatct	cctggctgac	tttgtgtgtg	gtggccttat	480
gtgtgcaactg	ggcattataa	tggctctttt	tgaccgcaca	cgcactgaca	agggtcaggt	540
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gaaatcgagt	ctgtgggaag	cacctcgagg	acagaacatg	ttggatgggtg	gagcaccttt	660
ctatacgact	tacaggacag	cagatgggga	attcatggct	gttggagcaa	tagaacccca	720
gttctacgag	ctgctgatca	aaggacttgg	actaaagtct	gatgaacttc	ccaatcagat	780
gagcatggat	gattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
gaaggcgagag	tgggtgtcaaa	tctttgacgg	cacagatgcc	tgtgtgactc	cggttctgac	900
ttttgaggag	gttgttcac	atgatcacia	caaggaaacg	ggctcgttta	tcaccagtga	960
ggagcaggac	gtgagcccc	gccctgcacc	tctgtgttta	aacaccccag	ccatcccttc	1020
tttcaaaagg	gatcctttca	taggagaaca	cactgaggag	atacttgaag	aatttggatt	1080
cagccgcgaa	gagatttatc	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttccag	gccacggct	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atttacagtg	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260

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ccactctaatt caagaaaaga attacagact ctgattctac agtgatgatt gaattctaaa 1320
aatgggtatc attagggctt ttgatttata aaactttggg tacttataact aaattatggg 1380
agttattctg ccttcagtt tgcttgatat atttggtgat attaagattc ttgacttata 1440
ttttgaatgg gttctagtga aaaaggaatg atatattctt gaagacatcg atatacatctt 1500
atttacactc ttgattctac aatgtagaaa atgaggaaat gccacaaatt gtatgggtgat 1560
aaaagtcacg tgaacaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1620
a 1621

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<210> 108
 <211> 382
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

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Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
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20     25     30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35     40     45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50     55     60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65     70     75     80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85     90     95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100    105    110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115    120    125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130    135    140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145    150    155    160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165    170    175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180    185    190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195    200    205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210    215    220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225    230    235    240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245    250    255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260    265    270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275    280    285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290    295    300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305    310    315    320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

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325 330 335
 Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
 340 345 350
 Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
 355 360 365
 Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
 370 375 380

<210> 109
 <211> 1524
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109
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 cgctcctgct tcaggcaatt gtgcaggcga ccccgagcc cccagccgtc ctcccggcc 840
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 gagcgtctga agcgcacgtc ccagaagggtg gacttggcac tgaacagct gggacacatc 1020
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 gccttgctct tgagggtgagc cccatgtcca tctggggccac tgtcaggacc acctttggga 1320
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 ggatcaaggc ctggatcccg ggccgttat catctggagg ctgcagggtc cttggggtaa 1440
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 cagaggaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1524

<210> 110
 <211> 3410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 110
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 aagctggacc ggcaccaaag ggctggcaga aatgggcgcc tggctgattc ctaggcagtt 180
 ggcggcagca aggaggagag gccgcagctt ctggagcaga gccgagacga agcagttctg 240
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 ggtgagccgc ctgctgcggc accggaagc ccagctcttg ctggtcaacc tgctaacctt 360
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 gggggtagag gagaagttca tgaccatggt gctgggcatt ggtccagtgc tgggcctggt 480

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cctgggcgtg	gggctgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccaggtgtgc	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
gctctctgac	ctcttccggg	acccggacca	ctgtcgccag	gcctactctg	tctatgcctt	780
catgateagt	cttggggggt	gcctgggcta	cctcctgcct	gccattgact	gggacaccag	840
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gaccttcacg	ctgttttaca	cggatttcgt	gggcgagggg	ctgtaccagg	gcgtgcccag	1200
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gcaggaccag	aagcacaag	tgcggtttcc	caagcctttg	tccatctcag	ccccagagt	3120
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aaaaaaaaara	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaataa	aaaaaaaaaa		3410

<210> 111

<211> 1289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111

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gtggagcctc agcagttccc tctttcagaa ctactgccca agagccctga acaggagcca      120
ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaagacca tgatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcatctttc      180
tgtgtggtgc agccctgttg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcaccccttc      240
tgaagatctt cgggccactg tcgtccagtg ccatgcagtt tgtcaacgtg ggctacttcc      300
tcacgcagc cggcggtgtg gtctttgtct ttggtttcct gggctgctat ggtgctaaga      360
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gaatggacct ccctttctg ctccagactt ggggctagat agggaccact ccttttagcg      1020
atgcctgact ttccttccat tgggtgggtg atgggtgggg ggcatccag agcctctaag      1080
gtagccagtt ctgttgccca ttccccagt ctattaaacc ctgatatgc ccctaggcc      1140
tagtggatgat cccagtgtc tactggggga tgagagaaag gcattttata gctgggcat      1200
aagtgaatc agcagagcct ctgggtggat gtgtagaagg cacttcaaaa tgcataaacc      1260
tgttacaatg ttaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa      1289

```

<210> 112

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112

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Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
 1          5          10          15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
 20          25          30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
 35          40          45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
 50          55          60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
 65          70          75          80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
 85          90          95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100          105          110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
115          120          125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130          135          140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
145          150          155          160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
165          170          175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
180          185          190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu

```

```

      195              200              205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
  210              215              220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
225              230              235              240
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
      245              250              255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
      260              265              270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
      275              280              285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
      290              295              300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
305              310              315

```

<210> 113

<211> 553

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 113

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Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
  1              5              10              15
Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
      20              25              30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
      35              40              45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
      50              55              60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
      65              70              75              80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
      85              90              95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
      100              105              110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
      115              120              125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
      130              135              140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
      145              150              155              160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
      165              170              175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
      180              185              190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
      195              200              205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
      210              215              220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
      225              230              235              240
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
      245              250              255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg

```

260 265 270
 Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
 275 280 285
 Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
 290 295 300
 Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
 340 345 350
 Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
 370 375 380
 Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
 405 410 415
 Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
 420 425 430
 Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
 435 440 445
 Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
 450 455 460
 Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
 485 490 495
 Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
 500 505 510
 Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
 515 520 525
 Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
 530 535 540
 Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
 545 550

<210> 114

<211> 241

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 114

Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
 20 25 30
 Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
 50 55 60
 Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Ile

```

      85              90              95
Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
      100              105              110
Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys
      115              120              125
Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Trp Asn Thr Thr Met
      130              135              140
Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp
      145              150              155              160
Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn
      165              170              175
Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr Lys Gln Lys Ala
      180              185              190
His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu Leu Tyr Asp Ile
      195              200              205
Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly
      210              215              220
Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met Ile Val Ser Met Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu
      225              230              235              240
Gln

```

```

<210> 115
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 115
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ttggtttggt aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga      180
actggtagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc tctcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggt      240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttaataaaat tagtttggtg      300
tctctacatg cataacaaac cctgtctcaa tctgtccatc aaaagtctgt gacttgaagt      360
ttagtc

```

```

<210> 116
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 116
acaaagatga accatttcct atattatagc aaaattaaaa tctacccgta ttctaattatt      60
gagaaatgag atnaaacaca atnttataaa gtctacttag agaagatcaa gtgacctcaa      120
agactttact attttcatat tttaagacac atgattttat ctattttagt aacctgggtc      180
atacgtaaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tggtggcaga aaatctatgt      240
tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctattcct tt

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```

<210> 117
<211> 305

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca	60
tatttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa	120
aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga	180
tactgateccc tgatcactgt cctaatagcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt	240
gactgccccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat	300
tggt	305

<210> 118

<211> 71

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(71)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118

accaagggtg ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg t	71

<210> 119

<211> 212

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(212)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119

actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant	180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt	212

<210> 120

<211> 90

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(90)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120
 actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggctcttgcc 60
 ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtggt 90

<210> 121
 <211> 218
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(218)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121
 tgtancgtga anacgacaga nagggttgct aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga 60
 gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttgggggcta aaacatgggt attgggagac atttctgaag 120
 atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggctcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
 agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
 taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
 catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtggggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
 caccaccccg gcgggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
 <211> 76
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(76)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
 tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
 ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
 <211> 131
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
 acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
 caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
 ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
<211> 432
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgtcaga tgctgaagaa 120
ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
catggtgggg gtcttgcac tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaacctc agtgcctctc 420
ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
<211> 112
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaatattt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127
<211> 54
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
<211> 323
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120
ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
ttcctgcaaa aggtctcactc agtcccttgc ttgtctcagt gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
aggtgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
<211> 192
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (192)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129

```

acatacatgt gtgtatattt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac      60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc      120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg      180
gataaacaaa gt                                     192

```

<210> 130

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(362)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130

```

ccctttttta tggaaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca      60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcttatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa      120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggt atcctccatg ttattagtaa      180
ttctgtattc cattttgcta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata      240
cttattttaa agctcttatt ttgtggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat      300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttggttgt aaagctcttt gctaatttta aaaagtaatg      360
gg                                     362

```

<210> 131

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131

```

ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca      60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga      120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc      180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttggtttatt atccaactaa      240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc      300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt                                     332

```

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132

```

acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc      60

```



```

agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat 120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt 180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg 240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct 300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca 322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

```

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt 60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta 120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg 180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt ttccaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt 240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg 278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca 60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatatt tacttgatt ttgcttttgg 120
t 121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc 60
atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaaggctcag ctggcacatt acttggtgtg 120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtaactcca 180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgtcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct 240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag 300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt 350

```

<210> 136
<211> 399
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(399)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntccctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacagggtg gcttcttctt tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
aaaactgcag agggccagggt tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccagggtgc 300
tcccaggaac cggggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
<211> 165
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(165)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctggtggt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcactgtcat tggtggggtt cctgt 165

<210> 138
<211> 338
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(338)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccaa 120
tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggtt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaagggtg ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gttccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttta 300
aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139
<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatccttg gtttttggca tctgggttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccga gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgcat tcctgggtg agcctgggtg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgcctta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc ccctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tccttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaancctt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgttaagtgt caggctgcac tttgtccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaacccaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actanttcca atgggggaaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa	tattgccaca	tatatccttt	ccaattgcgg	gctaaacaga	cgtgtattta	60
gggttggtta	aagacaaccc	agcttaatat	caagagaaat	tgtgaccttt	catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga	aaacactgag	ttttgacaaa	tcttatttta	ttcagatagc	agtctgatca	180
cacatggtcc	aacaacactc	aaataataaa	tcaaatatna	tcagatgta	aagattgggc	240
ttcaaacatc	atagccaatg	atgccccgct	tgccataat	ctctccgaca	taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc	agtggccacc	aaaccattca	gcacagcttc	cttaactgtg	agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt	ctgagcacta	ttgactatnt	ttttcangct	ctgaatagct	ctagggatct	420
cagcangggg	gggaggaacc	agctcaacct	tggcgtant			459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt	ccaccaagtc	aggactcctg	gcttctgtgg	gagttcttat	cacctgaggg	60
aaatccaaac	agtctctcct	agaaaggaat	agtgtcacca	acccaccca	tctccctgag	120
accatccgac	ttccctgtgt					140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa	caacatacaa	taacaacatt	aagtgtatat	tgccatcttt	gtcattttct	60
atctatacca	ctctcccttc	tgaaaacaan	aatcactanc	caatcactta	tacaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa	tccatatttg	ttttcaataa	ggaaaaaag	atgt		164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca	tccaactttg	tatttgtaat	ggcaaacatc	cagnagcaat	tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt	atttatacco	aattatccca	ttcattaaca	tgccctcctc	ctcaggctat	120
gcaggacagc	tatcataagt	cggcccaggc	atccagatac	taccatttgt	ataaacttca	180
gtaggggagt	ccatccaagt	gacaggctca	atcaaaggag	gaaatggaac	ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn	ttgcttagct	gaaacagcca	caaaagactt	accgccgtgg	tgattaccat	300
caa						303

<210> 146

<211> 327
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac ttctcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctggtt ggttgagaga gctcctttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggggtggga ggagccagca tggacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgtcttg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgcc ttctctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttctgtgc ctgacctga agccattggg 180
 gtggctctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctacccgacc ccattcctctt acacagctac ctcttgctc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggt aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atgggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

```
acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac      60
taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggtt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct      120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca      180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa                                         207
```

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

```
accttgatatt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg      60
cacttaaagt tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t              111
```

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

```
agcgcggcag gtcatttga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac      60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat      120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccga cagcccactg tggteccac tgtctacgag      180
gtgcattccg ctcagt                                                    196
```

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

```
acagcacttt cacatgtaag aaggagagaaa ttcctaatg taggagaaag ataacagAAC      60
cttccccctt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag      120
gagggagttt gt                                                    132
```

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

```
acaanaccca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag      60
```

```

cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga    120
gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggaact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac    180
cctggctagt gaggggtgcg cgccgctcct ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tcgtgcacca    240
gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt                      285

```

<210> 154

<211> 333

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 154

```

accacagtcc tgttgggcca gggcttcatg accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc    60
accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac    120
cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgctg    180
attggcacag gagtcgaaag tgttcagctc ccctcctcgg tggaacgaga ctctgatttg    240
agtttcacaa atttctgggc cacctcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg    300
gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg                      333

```

<210> 155

<211> 308

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(308)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155

```

actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg    60
gaaagtgttt tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgata gatgattttt gttataatat    120
ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag ccccgagccc    180
atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggct    240
gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcattgctg    300
gccctggt                      308

```

<210> 156

<211> 295

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 156

```

accttgctcg gtgcttggaa catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta    60
ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaactga    120
gaataggaga ttatgtttgg ccctcatatt ctctcctatc ctcttgcct cattctatgt    180
ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggtttagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat    240
aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat          295

```

<210> 157

<211> 126

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 157

```

acaagtttaa atagtgtgt cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct    60

```

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
cttagt 126

<210> 158
<211> 442
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (442)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
accactgggt cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
gcctggggtaa ttcaccatta atttctctcc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatattt 180
ctgggtgggtc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggg ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
ccaacctgt tttcccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
<211> 498
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (498)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159
acttccaggt aacgttggtt tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtaggttc 60
tccaacaaga actgaggttg cagagcgggt aggggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120
gctgctgtgg actgttggtt attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaaag 180
gtgtgtgtgt gganttgagc tcggggcggt gtggtaggtt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240
tgctgtgggt cggggangtg aangtggtgt gtcacttgag cttggccagc tctggaaagt 300
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgcttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360
cgaaccagt ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420
tcaggtaana atgtggtttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaaggttgta nattgtcacc 480
aagggaataa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160


```

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac      60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct      120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc      180
cactagacat ctcatcagcc acttgtgtga agagatgccc catgacccca gatgcctctc      240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg      300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa      360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

<210> 161

<211> 114

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 161

```

actccacatc ccctctgagc aggcgggtgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca      60
cactgtccac tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt          114

```

<210> 162

<211> 177

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 162

```

actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa      60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt      120
tggtgatata taacttggca ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt          177

```

<210> 163

<211> 137

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(137)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 163

```

catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

<210> 164

<211> 469

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(469)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 164

```

cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaag gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120

```

```

tgcattggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt      180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg      240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg      300
gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct      360
tctagtaggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat      420
gattgtgtag ccattgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt      469

```

<210> 165

<211> 195

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (195)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165

```

acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttggtgt cagtttcata aagctgggtg      60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc      120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcggtcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact      180
tcctctgaga tgagt      195

```

<210> 166

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

```

acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc      60
cgaggtcggg gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgctcaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct      120
ttggagaagg gatatgctgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt      180
tttgacagcc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agtcctcct tcgtcagggtg      240
gatgccaacc tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc      300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt      360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc      383

```

<210> 167

<211> 247

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (247)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

```

acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtccganat      60
tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggccc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc      120

```

tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac	180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac	240
tgangtc	247

<210> 168
 <211> 273
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(273)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168	
acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa	60
aatccctcan ccttggttctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg	120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtgggc	180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggctttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg	240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca	273

<210> 169
 <211> 431
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(431)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169	
acagccttgg ctccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc	60
agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta	120
ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag	180
ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac	240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcactgctgg gcaccagctc	300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcca actttcatac atccaactgg	360
aaagtgatct gtactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc	420
tcgaacactg a	431

<210> 170
 <211> 266
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(266)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170	
acctgtgggc tgggtgttta tgcctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagtcca gaggtggagc	60
tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat tttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact	120
ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat	180

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
tcaaagctag ggggtctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171
<211> 1248
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (1248)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcaact cgcagccctg gcaggcgga 60
ctggctcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcattccga gtgggtgctg 120
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
cggcacccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagtggac 300
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
gcggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggccggagggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccaggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
actgagtgga tagagaaaac cgtccagggc agttaactct ggggactggg aacccatgaa 720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccccctct 780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggcccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
cccagccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccaggagtcca gacccccag tccctcagac 900
ccaggagtcc agccccctct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctccctccc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
ccaaccntc attcccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctcttcc ctcagaccca 1080
gcgggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttgtggc acgttgacct 1140
aaccttacca gttgggtttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172
<211> 159
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1) ... (159)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172
Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
1 5 10 15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
20 25 30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
35 40 45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
50 55 60

Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
 115 120 125
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 145 150 155

<210> 173
 <211> 1265
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1265)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173
 ggcagcccgc actcgcagcc ctggcaggcg gcactgggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc 60
 tcgggcgctcc tgggtgcatcc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc 120
 tacaccatcg ggctgggcct gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg 180
 gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gactacaaca gacccttgct cgctaacgac 240
 ctcatgctca tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagttctg acaccatccg gagcatcagc 300
 attgcttcgc agtgccctac cgcgggggaac tcttgccctg tttctggctg gggctctgctg 360
 gcgaacgggtg agctcacggg tgtgtgtctg ccctcttcaa ggaggctctc tgcccagtcg 420
 cgggggctga ccagagctc tgcgtcccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga 480
 acgtgtcggg ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgaccgctg taccacccca 540
 gcatgttctg cgccggcgga gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggg gactctgggg 600
 ggccccctgat ctgcaacggg tacttgacagg gccttggtgtc ttctggaaaa gccccgtgtg 660
 gccaaagtgg cgtgccaggt gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcactgag tggatagaga 720
 aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaaattgac ccccaaatac 780
 atcctgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tcttccctca ggcccaggag 840
 tccaggcccc cagccctcc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc cctcctcccc 900
 tcagaccag gagtcagac cccccagccc ctctcctc agaccagga gtccagcccc 960
 tctcctcctc gaccagagg tccagacccc ccagccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt 1020
 gagggcccca acccctcctc ctccagagtc agagggtcaa gcccacaacc cctcggtccc 1080
 cagacccaga ggttnnaggtc ccagccctc ttcctcaga cccagnggtc caatgccacc 1140
 tagattttcc ctgnacacag tcccccttg tggngangtg acccaacctt accagttggt 1200
 ttttcatttt tngtcccttt cccctagatc cagaaataaa gtttaagaga ngngcaaaaa 1260
 aaaaa 1265

<210> 174
 <211> 1459
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```

ggtcagccgc acactgtttc cagaagtgag tgcagagctc ctacaccatc gggctggggc 60
tgcacagtct tgaggccgac caagagccag ggagccagat ggtggaggcc agcctctccg 120
tacggcacc cagagtacaac agacccttgc tcgctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagttgg 180
acgaatccgt gtccgagctc gacaccatcc ggagcatcag cattgcttcg cagtgcctta 240
ccgcggggaa ctcttgccctc gtttctggct ggggtctgct ggcgaacggg gagctcacgg 300
gtgtgtgtct gccctcttca aggaggctct ctgccagtc gcgggggctg acccagagct 360
ctgcgtccca ggcagaatgc ctaccgtgct gcagtgcgtg aacgtgtcgg tgggtgtctga 420
ngagggtctgc antaagctct atgaccctgc gtaccacccc ancatgttct gcgccggcgg 480
agggcaagac cagaaggact cctgcaacgt gagagagggg aaaggggagg gcaggcgact 540
caggggaagg tggagaagg ggagacagag acacacaggg ccgcatggcg agatgcagag 600
atggagagac acacagggag acagtgacaa cttagagagag aaactgagag aaacagagaa 660
ataaacacag gaataaagag aagcaaagg aagagagaaac agaaacagac atggggaggc 720
agaaacacac acacatagaa atgcagttga ccttccaaca gcatggggcc tgaggggcgg 780
gacctccacc caatagaaaa tctctttata acttttgact ccccaaaaac ctgactagaa 840
atagcctact gttgacgggg agccttacca ataacataaa tagtcgattt atgcatacgt 900
tttatgcatt catgatatac ctttgttga attttttgat atttctaagc tacacagttc 960
gtctgtgaat ttttttaaat tgttgcaact ctccataaat ttttctgatg tgtttattga 1020
aaaaatccaa gtataagtgg acttgtgcat tcaaaccagg gttgttcaag ggtcaactgt 1080
gtaccagag ggaacagtg acacagattc atagaggtga aacacgaaga gaaacaggaa 1140
aatcaagac tctacaaaga ggctgggcag ggtggctcat gcctgtaatc ccagcacttt 1200
gggaggcgag gcaggcagat cacttgaggt aaggagtcca agaccagcct ggccaaaatg 1260
gtgaaatcct gtctgtacta aaaatacaaa agttagctgg atatggtggc aggcgcctgt 1320
aatccagct acttgggagg ctgaggcagg agaattgctt gaatatggga ggcagaggtt 1380
gaagtgagtt gagatcacac cactatactc cagctggggc aacagagtaa gactctgtct 1440
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa
1459

```

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```

gcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggtcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc gggcgctcctg 60
gtgcatccgc agtgggtgct gtcagccgca cactgtttcc agaactccta caccatcggg 120
ctgggcctgc acagtcttga ggccgaccaa gagccaggga gccagatggt ggaggccagc 180
ctctccgtac ggcacccaga gtacaacaga ctcttgcctc ctaacgacct catgctcatc 240
aagttggacg aatccgtgtc cgagtctgac accatccgga gcacagcat tgcttcgcag 300
tgccctaccg cggggaactc ttgcctcgtt tctggctggg gtctgctggc gaacggcaga 360
atgcctaccg tgctgcactg cgtgaacgtg tcgggtggtg ctgaggangt ctgcagtaag 420
ctctatgacc cgctgtacca cccagcatg ttctgcgccg gcggagggca agaccagaag 480
gactcctgca acggtgactc tggggggccc ctgatctgca acgggtactt gcagggcctt 540
gtgtcttttc gaaaagcccc gtgtggccaa cttggcgtgc cagggtgtct caccaacctc 600
tgcaaattca ctgagtggat agagaaaacc gtccagncca gttaactctg gggactggga 660
acccatgaaa ttgaccccca aatacatcct gcggaangaa ttcaggaata tctgttccca 720
gcccctcctc cctcaggccc aggagtccag gccccagcc cctcctcctc caaaccaagg 780
gtacagatcc ccagccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagaccccc agccctctnt 840
cnntcagacc caggagtcca gcccctcctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag acccccagc 900

```

```

ccntctccg tcagaccag ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tctctcntca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caacccctcg tccccagac ccagaggtnc aggtcccagc cctctctccc      1020
tcagaccag cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgcc ccttggtggca      1080
ngttgacca accttaccag ttggtttttc attttttgtc cctttccctc agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa                                1167

```

<210> 176

<211> 205

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
          20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
          35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
          50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
          65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
          85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
          100          105          110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
          115          120          125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
          130          135          140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
          145          150          155          160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
          165          170          175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
          180          185          190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
          195          200          205

```

<210> 177

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

```

gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattgaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc      120
atcgggctgg gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc caggagacca gatgggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300

```

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc agggttgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccggaa cactgtgac aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgagggg tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctgggtact ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttctc ctgtttagt gaaagggtgc cctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattacca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tgggtcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
20        25        30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
35        40        45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
50        55        60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65        70        75        80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
85        90        95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
100       105       110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
115       120       125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
130       135       140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
145       150       155       160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

<210> 179

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179


```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct      60
ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgcgaggg tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct      120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga      180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaagggt cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa      240
aaaaaaaaaa                                     250

```

```

<210> 180
<211> 202
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 180
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca      60
tcacccagac ccgcccctg cccgtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta      120
ctctgtact cgaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttggt tataaatgcc      180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     202

```

```

<210> 181
<211> 558
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(558)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 181
tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcynng      60
aatgtttagg cagtgctagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct      120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa      180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca      240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggg taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac      300
ctactctggt ccttggttag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa      360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw      420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt      480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc      540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     558

```

```

<210> 182
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 182
acagggwttk grggatgcta agsccccrga rwtygtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc      60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmg gcacccctgg      120
cstcacacag astcccagat agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg      180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca      240
ctaagggttaa actttcccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca      300

```

```
tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtccm cytgggggtt gataggaant 360
ntctcttggc ttcttcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttg tacgcatara 420
awtgstgara aaattaaat gttctggtty macttttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 479
```

<210> 183

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 183

```
aggggggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtg cttcagtgc 120
gggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctgg 180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgcctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat 240
tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc caggggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca 300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt 360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 384
```

<210> 184

<211> 496

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (496)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184

```
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatcac ctcaacgagc 60
agggagatcg agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgacccgat gggacaacag acctgctcag 120
cccacctcgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga 180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgccctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaaac 240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttacccctc ggagactcgg taaccaaact ctcgggactg 300
tgagccctga tgcttttttg ccagccatac tctttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg 360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatgggtggc atcaccata aagggaacac atttgacttt 420
tttttctcat attttaaatt actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst 480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 496
```

<210> 185

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 185

```
gctggtagcc tatggcgkcg ccacaggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc 60
caagtatcyt gcgcsgegtc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatcttcggg cagattcccc 120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtcggag cccggcttct 180
gggcacaccc tctggggccc caggcgggca cctgcgtctc ccagtatgcc aactggctgg 240
tgggtgctgt cctcgtcatc ttctgctcgt tggccaacat cctgctggtc aacttgctca 300
ttgccatgtt cagttacaca ttccggcaaag tacaggggca cagcgatctc tactgggaag 360
gcgcagcgtt accgcctcat ccgg 384
```

<210> 186

<211> 577

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)... (577)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186
gagtttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataaccgc 60
tnccatcgctc atactgtagg ttgtccacca cytcctggca tcttggggcg gcntaatatt 120
ccaggaaact ctcaatcaag tcaccgtcga tgaaacctgt gggctgggtc tgtcttccgc 180
tcgggtgtgaa aggatctccc agaaggagtg ctcgatcttc cccacacttt tgatgacttt 240
attgagtcga ttctgcatgt ccagcaggag gttgtaccag ctctctgaca gtgagggtcac 300
cagccctatc atgccgttga mcgtgccgaa gaccaccgag ccttgtgtgg gggkkgaagt 360
ctcaccacaga ttctgcatta ccagagagcc gtggcaaaa acattgacaa actcgcccag 420
gtggaaaaag amcamctcct ggargtgctn gccgctcctc gtcmggttgg ggcagcgtw 480
tccttttgac acacaaacaa gttaaaggca ttttcagccc ccagaaantt gtcacatcc 540
aagatntcgc acagcactna tccagttggg attaat 577

<210> 187
<211> 534
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)... (534)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187
aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgstg agaatycatw 60
actkggaaaa gmaacattaa agcctggaca ctggtattaa aattcacaa atgcaacact 120
ttaaacagtg tgtcaatctg ctcccyynac tttgtcatca ccagtctggg aakaagggta 180
tgccctattc acacctgtta aaagggcgct aagcattttt gattcaacat cttttttttt 240
gacacaagtc cgaaaaaagc aaaagtaaac agttatyaat ttgttagcca attcactttc 300
ttcatgggac agagccatyt gatttaaaaa gcaaatgca taatattgag ctyggggagc 360
tgatatttga gcggaagagt agcctttcta ctccaccaga cacaactccc ttcatattg 420
ggatgttnac naaagtwatg tctctwacag atgggatgct tttgtggcaa ttctgttctg 480
aggatctccc agtttattta ccacttgcac aagaaggcgt tttcttcctc aggc 534

<210> 188
<211> 761
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)... (761)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188
agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggtg gacctaat tttgtgtgcgtg 60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttgta aaagcttatg 120
cctcttttgg atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct 180

```

ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg      300
ggggacaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa      360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt      420
gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa      480
cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtgggc aaaatattga aatgatggaa      540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac      600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaataca ctttgaacta      660
tttttctgtn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac      720
gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aaanaaaaaa a                          761

```

<210> 189

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189

```

tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatntt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca      60
caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca      120
aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc      180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggagtgt gcataagaag      240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccc ctcggctcct gacaggtnga tttcgaccag      300
gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtn atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc      360
aaatttggtc ngtcantgaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnngtctt ggtacncttg      420
gttcggccca gtcncnctc caaaaantat tcaccnctt ccnaattgct tgcngncccc      480
cc

```

<210> 190

<211> 471

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(471)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190

```

tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca aaaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg      60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaceat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntcca      120
aatgtctggt caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag      180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt      240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt      300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tggatgatcat gantnctcta      360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacnngt acaaaaaana      420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatnttntt tatacactcc c                          471

```

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc agtcacatct tctaggacct ttttggttc agttagtata agctcttcca	180
cttctttgt taagacttca tctggtaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggct gaacaacca cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat ccattttaaa tatacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc	360
aagagtcac tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca	402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tggtgattct yaacacacyt ccatcccgt	180
cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcacttac aaattcacc	240
acgagacact tgaaagggtg aacaaagcga ytcttgcat gctttttgtc cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa tactaaccgg ctggtttgcc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgtt caaaagcarg tcttggtgcc	420
tgttggtatc ggttcccatt tcccagtcy aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttccac	480
aaaacattgc gatttgaggc tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaaggcag gcgccgtgag cccaccagc agcagaagca	600
g	601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca natccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact	60
ggtcccgtg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt	120
cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gscgggtcaa tgaactccay tcgtggcttg gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctgc ggtccaccag gatgcccgac tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggcatgagc gggaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc	300

```

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctgggcctcg      360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc      420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccagggtcaat gtcgggtgaag ccctccgagg gtrattggcgt      480
ctgcagtgtt tttgtcgatg ttctccagga acaggctggc cagctgcggt tcatcgaaga      540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggctcg cagttcttct tcagggaactc      600
cacgcaat                                         608

```

<210> 194

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194

```

gaacggctgg accttgctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt      60
ccagtccgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccttcccc      120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtagtgggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg      180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac      240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt      300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg      360
aaataaatat agttattaaa ggttgtcant cc                                         392

```

<210> 195

<211> 502

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (502)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195

```

ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg      60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgac cccagagacc stgggstata gtytctgacc      120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc      180
aaggggaagg ccattccgg ggtgttccc cgaggaggaa ggggaagggc tctgtgtgcc      240
cccassagg aagaggccct ggtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca      300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tcccctctca gtccccttcc stacacctg amcggccact      360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccacccg ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng      420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt      480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa                                         502

```

<210> 196

<211> 665

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

ggttacttg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgcgag	agcggacttt	gtaattggtg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
wagctgtttk	gagttgatts	gcaccactgc	acccacaact	tcaatatgaa	aacyawttga	180
actwatttat	tatcttgtga	aaagtataac	aatgaaaatt	ttgttcatac	tgtattkatc	240
aagtatgatg	aaaagcaawa	gatatatatt	cttttattat	gttaaattat	gattgccatt	300
attaatcggc	aaaatgtgga	gtgtatgttc	ttttcacagt	aatatatgcc	ttttgtaact	360
tcacttggtt	attttattgt	aaatgartta	caaaattctt	aatttaagar	aatgggatgt	420
watatttatt	tcattaattt	ctttcctkgt	ttacgtwaat	tttgaaaaga	wtgcatgatt	480
tcttgacaga	aatcgatctt	gatgctgtgg	aagtagtttg	acccacatcc	ctatgagttt	540
ttcttagaat	gtataaaggt	tgtagcccat	cnaacttcaa	agaaaaaat	gaccacatac	600
tttgcaatca	ggctgaaatg	tggcatgctn	ttctaattcc	aactttataa	actagcaaan	660
aagtg						665

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197

ttttnttttt	ttttttttgc	aggaaggatt	ccatttattg	tggatgcatt	ttcacaatat	60
atgtttattg	gagcgatcca	ttatcagtga	aaagtatcaa	gtgtttataa	natttttagg	120
aaggcagatt	cacagaacat	gctngtcngc	ttgcagtttt	acctcgtana	gatnacagag	180
aattatagtc	naaccagtaa	acnaggaatt	tacttttcaa	aagattaaat	ccaaactgaa	240
caaaattcta	ccctgaaact	tactccatcc	aaatattgga	ataanagtca	gcagtgtatac	300
attctcttct	gaactttaga	ttttctagaa	aaatatgtaa	tagtgatcag	gaagagctct	360
tgttcaaaag	tacaacnaag	caatgttccc	ttaccatagg	ccttaattca	aactttgatc	420
catttcactc	ccatcacggg	agtcaatgct	acctggggaca	cttgtatttt	gttcatnctg	480
ancntggctt	aa					492

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198

tttnttttgn	atttcantct	gtannaanta	ttttcattat	gtttattana	aaaatatnaa	60
tgtntccacn	acaaatcatn	ttacntnagt	aagaggccan	ctacattgta	caacatacac	120
tgagtatatt	ttgaaaagga	caagttttaa	gtanacncat	attgccgan	atancacatt	180
tatacatggc	ttgattgata	tttagcacag	canaaactga	gtgagttacc	agaaanaaat	240
nataatgtc	aatcngattt	aagatacaaa	acagatccta	tggtacatan	catcntgtag	300
gagttgtggc	tttatgttta	ctgaaagtca	atgcagttcc	tgtacaaaga	gatggccgta	360
agcattctag	tacctctact	ccatgggtta	gaatcgtaca	cttatgttta	catatgtnc	420

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agaggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199

agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aaccccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagttcc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggccttngg ctggggacca tcccattgaa ccttctctta	360
anggacttta agaanaaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tctgaactt gctcctctgc	480
ga	482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtccacg gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agcccctcgg gaaggcgagg	240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc	270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

tttttttttt ttttggaaac tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggta gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattggtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca	180
tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct ggttacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg	240


```

tctgtgaccg tcattttctt gacatcaatg ttattagaag tcaggatata ttttagagag      300
tccactgtnt ctggagggag attaggggtt ctgccaana tccaancaa atccacntga      360
aaaagttgga tgatncangt acngaatacc ganggcatan ttctcatant cggtggccca      419

```

<210> 202

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(509)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202

```

tttntttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt      60
tggcacttaa tccattttta ttcaaaaatg tctacaaant ttnaatncnc cattatacng      120
gtntttttnc aaaatctaaa nnttattcaa atntnagcca aantccttac ncaaatnnaa      180
tacnncaaaa aatcaaaaat atacntntct ttcagcaaac ttngttacat aaattaaaaa      240
aatatatacg gctgggtgtt tcaaagtaca attatcttaa cactgcaaac atnttttnaa      300
ggaactaaaa taaaaaaaaa cactnccgca aagggttaaag ggaacaacaa attcntttta      360
caacancnnc nattataaaa atcatatctc aaatcttagg ggaatatata ctccacacng      420
ggatcttaac ttttactnca ctttgtttat ttttttanaa ccattgtntt gggcccaaca      480
caatggnaat nccnccnncn tggactagt                                     509

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<210> 203

<211> 583

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

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ttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact      60
tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac      120
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt      180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc      240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctatttc aagtcaattt      300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa      360
agggaaaaaca ggaagagana atggcacaca aaacaaacat tttatattca tatttctacc      420
tacgttaata aaatagcatt ttgtgaagcc agctcaaaag aaggccttaga tccttttatg      480
tccatttttag tcaactaaacg atatcnaaag tgccagaatg caaaagggtt gtgaacattt      540
attcaaaagc taatataaga tatttcacat actcatcttt ctg                                     583

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<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

tttttttnt ttttttttt ttttttntctc ttcttttttt ttganaatga ggatcgagtt	60
tttcaactctc tagatagggc atgaagaaaa ctcatctttc cagcttttaa ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat gctatatcat attttaagtt aaactaatga gtcactggct tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat ctgttcattc ttctcattca tatagttata tcaagtacta ccttgcatat	240
tgagaggttt ttcttctcta ttacacata tatttccatg tgaatttgta tcaaaccctt	300
attttcatgc aaactagaaa ataatgtntt cttttgcata agagaagaga acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa ctgctcaaat tgtttgtaa gnttatccat tataattagt tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa tcacattttac ngacnagcaa taataaaact gaagtaccag ttaaataatcc	480
aaaataatta aaggaacatt tttagcctgg gtataattag ctaattcact ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa tgaattcaca tgttattatt ccntagccca acacaatgg	589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

tttttntttt ttttttcagt aataatcaga acaatattta tttttatatt taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc cttacattta ataaaagttt gtttctcaaa gtgatcagag gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa caccaatatt aatttgagga aaatacacca aaatacatta agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat	300
atggggtgtc actggtaaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attractagt gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc ttctatngg	480
aaggattaga tatgtttcct ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga	540
aacc	545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt	60
cattttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna	120
caatttataa atgtaagggt ccattattga gtanatatat tctccaaga gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttta attttattag tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag	300
ttggtnagaa tgcatcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cggtggcaag	420
aactcttcga accgcttcct caaaggcngc tgccacattt gtggcntctn ttgcacttgt	480

ttcaaaa

487

<210> 207

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaatcccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atctttgcat	gcagaggagg	taaaaggat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

<210> 208

<211> 524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(524)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208

agggcggtgt	gcggaggggc	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatac	aaaaagactg	60
gttggtgtcc	ggcccatcc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgatcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

<210> 209

<211> 159

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgctccttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

<210> 210

<211> 256

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (256)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
tgaggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180
ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211
<211> 264
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (264)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211
acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccgccag 180
ttnaatttca ttcccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
tttttttttc ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcc aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatata tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt	250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

accagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggtt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag	60
gatttaattg tgtctcagct tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacaggt tattgaactt gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat tcccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaatttac	240
ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtgggtgt agctataagc ttggccacat	300
tttttttcc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcatc catatgctan aaaccaacag	360
agtgactttt acaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt	420
actttgctct ccctaataata cctc	444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcc aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatata tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt aagcagaggc tgtaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggt ttccaaccaa ggtggaaatc tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc	366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgcttat aattttctat ttttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatfff 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagatff ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngcccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gcccaccca 60
 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta	60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt	93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca ggtgcgcaca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcatcttga ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac cttccctgac gctccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt	167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcgtggt gcgaggggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc	60
gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa	120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gctttaggt tgcttttaca tataatctggc atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaaggt ggtattattg tattgataag t	351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat	60
tggtaattat ggtcaattta atwrrtrttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgatttt tatttgagaga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg tccccmtcac ttgtttgag tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt tgatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttggtggg ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg	360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa	383

<210> 224

<211> 320
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 224
 cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
 aaaagtttgt gacattgttag tagggagtgt gtacccctta ctcccatca aaaaaaaaaat 120
 ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180
 gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaagggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240
 aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctggtgcagt 300
 tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225
 <211> 1214
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225
 gaggactgca gcccgactc gcagccctgg caggcggcac tggatcatgga aaacgaattg 60
 ttctgctcgg gcgctcctgg gcatccgcag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120
 aactcctaca ccacggggt gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccaggagc 180
 cagatggtgg aggccagcct ctccgtacgg caccagagt acaacagacc ctgctcgt 240
 aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300
 atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgg gggaaactct gcctcgttct tggctgggg 360
 ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct 420
 gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcgcggc 480
 ggagggcaag accagaagga ctctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggccctt gatctgcaac 540
 gggtaacttg agggccttgt gtcttctgga aaagccctgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcca 600
 ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaattcact gactggatag agaaaaccgt ccaggccagt 660
 taactctggg gactgggaac ccataaaatt gacccccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaaat 720
 caggaatatc tgttcccagc ccctcctccc tcaggccag gactccaggc cccagcccc 780
 tcctccctca aaccaagggt acagatcccc agccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca 840
 gacccccag cccctcctcc ctccagacca ggagtccagc ccctcctccc tcagaccag 900
 gagtccagac cccccagccc ctctccctc agaccagggt gtccaggccc ccaacccctc 960
 ctccctcaga ctccagaggtc caagccccca acccctcctt cccagaccc agagggtccag 1020
 gtcccagccc ctctcctc agacccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tcctgtaca 1080
 cagtgcctcc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt ggtttttcat tttttgtccc 1140
 tttcccttag atccagaaat aaagtctaag agaagcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226
 <211> 119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226
 acccagtatg tgcagggaga cggaacccca tgtgacagcc cactccacca gggttcccaa 60
 agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	cctfttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactggggt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aagtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgtcccc	ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttcct	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaaagggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttggga	tgcgccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcctgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttgggt	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

actggagaca	ctgttgaact	tgatcaagac	ccagaccacc	ccaggtctcc	ttcgtgggat	60
gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaacga	gcctcctcct	tggagatgg	aagaccgtgt	120
tcgtggccga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtcac	atttcaatgg	180
taggaaaagt	ggcttcgtaa	aatagaagag	cagtcactgt	ggaactacca	aatggcgaga	240
tgctcggtgc	acattggggg	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	attctctggc	300
accagattct	aggccagttt	gttccactga	agcttttccc	acagcagtc	acctctgcag	360
gctggcagct	gaatggcttg	ccggtggctc	tgtggcaaga	tcacactgag	atcgatgggt	420
gagaaggcta	ggatgcttgt	ctagtgttct	tagctgtcac	gttggctcct	tccaggttgg	480
ccagacggtg	ttggccactc	ccttctaaaa	cacaggcgcc	ctcctgggtga	cagtgaacctg	540
ccgtggtatg	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttggggtttg	600
ttcttttcgt	taatgttcct	ctgtgttgtc	agctgtcttc	atttctctggg	ctaagcagca	660
ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cactttcttt	720
cttactctg	aagtagctgg	tggg				744

<210> 229

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtttgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcagtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaaataaaa	gaaaggtggc	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcagggttg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttagaaacgt	caccacacagt	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaaggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagttc	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgcca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

<210> 230

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaaaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

caatataaag tcttggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga cccagttaag ggagaagttg	180
cggaagggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccaggccct cctcactccg	240
gatgaaccgg acaagtccca ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac	300
g	301

<210> 231

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 231

gcaagcacgc tggcaaactct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc	60
caggaactcc aagtccacat ccttggcaac tggggacttg cgcaggttag ccttgaggat	120
ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg	180
tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtta ccgccaatga tgaacacatt	240
tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc	300
c	301

<210> 232

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 232

agtaggtatt tctgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagtctctc ttcaagtgtt	60
ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gtaaatatac agccacctat	120
agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtctgtcca	180
cgtgctgtac caagtgtgg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tcaactgaaa tctggctaata	240
gctcttgtgt atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact	300
g	301

<210> 233

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 233

atgactgact tccagtaag gctctctaag gggttaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag	60
atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat ttccagaggg gaaaatgggg	120
cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctggtgc gctggcacc cttggcctcac acagactccc	180
gagtagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgcg	240
tacaaattaa catgagatga gttagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa	300
c	301

<210> 234

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 234

aggctctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga	60
cattttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttctg ttcttctttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt	120
tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaaattctc tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct	180
cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc	240
ttgatcacca gcttaatggt cagatcatct gcttcaatgg cttcgtcagt atagttcttc	300

t 301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235

tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg	60
aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg	120
tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata	180
atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca	240
ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagattttaag ctcacactgg tca	283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236

aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggt taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata	60
aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccttaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg	120
tcggagcagc atcatataa ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag	180
tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta	240
aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc	300
a	301

<210> 237
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237

cagtggtagt ggtgggtggac gtggcggttg tctggtgccc ttttttggtg cccgtcacia	60
actcaatttt tgttcgctcc tttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg	120
ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacataatct	180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tctgcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatacta	240
gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagtcca tatccattcc ctccctttatc	300
t	301

<210> 238
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238

gggcagggtt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt	60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcaaaaaac caacggggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca	120
ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggtctctcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc	180
acccccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccccgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca	240
gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta	300
t	301

<210> 239
 <211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

```
ataagcagct agggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagttc acataactgc      60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaacccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa      120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac      180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgcca gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcaggga      239
```

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

```
ggtcctaagt aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacggtgat actgtccttt      60
gggatctgcc ctccagtgga accttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat      120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg      180
ctgccaggtt tttaaaatca tgcttcatct tgaagcacac ggtcacttca cctcctcac      240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc      300
```

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

```
gaggctctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga      60
cctcttttga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctct gagggaatgc aacaaggctg      120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag      180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct      240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga      300
g                                                                 301
```

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

```
ccgaggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt      60
tgtggcattt cctcatcttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat      120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat      180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta      240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaattgata accattttta gaattcaatc      300
a                                                                 301
```

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

```
aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggtatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat      60
gggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg      120
```

tgacgtgcag tggactctg tggcccaagg gstatggctct ctcggcatga tgaccagcgt 180
 gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagagget gcccacggga ctgtaacccg 240
 tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300
 t 301

<210> 244

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244

gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
 gtcattgcaat ccattttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
 ccagggacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaaagac acatcctaaa 180
 aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc ctttcttatt tatgtgaaca 240
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatc 300

<210> 245

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

gtctgagtat ttaaaatggt attgaaatta tccccacca atgttagaaa agaaagaggt 60
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca cttagagtata gcagccctat 180
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
 agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattctt tataatttac aaagttttaa 300
 g 301

<210> 246

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
 acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttga gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aaggtatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
 c 301

<210> 247

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 247

aggtcctttg gcagggtcga tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg ggcactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttggtt cccccacgt 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caaggttggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccttcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
 acaggaagaa agtgggttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggt gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcaettggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgcgc 120
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctccagagctg gtcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggctctgtgac aaggacttgc aggcgtgtggg aggcgaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcatect ctccaggggc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg gccaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240
 cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatect 300
 c 301

<210> 252
 <211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252

```

gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttcctca      60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata      120
tcattccttt ttacttagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa      180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt      240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc      300
a                                                                                   301

```

<210> 253

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253

```

ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttggttt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc      60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcttagct      120
tggctctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttggtt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg      180
gatttttttt cttagagAAC caaaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt      240
tccatagtgc ccacagggta ttcttcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag      300
g                                                                                   301

```

<210> 254

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254

```

cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg      60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc      120
ccaaatctct tcatttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa      180
gaaaaaaata aagctttgga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc      240
acttaaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc      300
t                                                                                   301

```

<210> 255

<211> 302

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255

```

agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcatataaa aatagtgttc tttattataa      60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat      120
tgggattttg ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg      180
aggaaaaagg actggaggtg gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta      240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac      300
aa                                                                                   302

```

<210> 256

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256
 gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct 60
 aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120
 acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcatctctat 180
 aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240
 gtggcctctc ggccctggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300
 t 301

<210> 257
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 257
 gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60
 tccccactta tttttgtctt tcaactatcg aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120
 tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180
 gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatctcttgt agaagtgcc aaccctgaat gccaccaaga 240
 tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc ttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300
 c 301

<210> 258
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258
 cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60
 aggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120
 cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180
 atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat 240
 tggatgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300
 t 301

<210> 259
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259


```

tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa      120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtgggcccag gaaggtctgt      180
tccdgctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cggccactgg gtcttggctt      240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccagggtg      300
c

```

```

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 260
tttttttctt ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatgg      60
aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tctactggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaaca caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c

```

```

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 261
aaatattcga gcaaatcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt      120
agcaccaact attccatata attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aagggttcaat      180
ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag cccagtgggc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a

```

```

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 262
gaggagagcc tgttacagca ttgtgaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatec ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca ttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtcccc      240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat      300
c

```

```

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 263

tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gattttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg 60
aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg 120
ttcttagtat tatttatggt aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat 180
taatgactga cttcccagta aggcctctcta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg 240
agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg 300
g 301

<210> 264

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaascc 60
aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atatttacat ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag 120
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttta gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag 180
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac 240
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggtt gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcat 300
a 301

<210> 265

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265

tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcatctttgt 60
cttcttgtga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta 120
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gtccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga 180
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaacaa cacttgccca tttctgtaaa gaatccaaag 240
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg 300
c 301

<210> 266

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 266

taccgtctgc ccttctccc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctccatttcg 60
acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct 120
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt cttcccaccc cttaagttct attcctgggg 180
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataaccca ggggtgcacag 240
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg 300
a 301

<210> 267

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267

aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctcagcctgg ctccatgggg 60

```

gtttctcagtg ctgagtcctat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ccttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggtct ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttcctctcct tcttttcttt caagttggct ttcctcacat cctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttgtctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctggttc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacggtcc ttgtttagac tcttgggaata 180
tgctgggtgg ctcagtgagc ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttccattg ttctactttc taccatcacc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagttaaact 120
atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgtt ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtgtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 271

```

aaaagggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt 60
tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gttcatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca 120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt ggggtccaagg 180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt 240
tctctctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtc 300
c

```

<210> 272

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272

```

taaatgtcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaagtgc 60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga 120
tccaataatt cctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacctctc tgcattcaca 180
gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc 240
ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag 300
g

```

<210> 273

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

```

acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaa aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg 60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa 120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatattcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc 180
tlytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggg 240
gggacttnty tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgccctcg makengantt ccgcsananc 300
t

```

<210> 274

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274

```

cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg 60
aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa 120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca 180
tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttctt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc 240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggatcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc 300

```

c

301

<210> 275
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275

tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg	60
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc	120
tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag	180
tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccggggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc	240
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccttat	300
a	301

<210> 276
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 276

tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat	60
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat	120
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc	180
caatacatctt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt	240
aaaactattc agtatgtttc ctttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat	300
g	301

<210> 277
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277

tttgttgatg tcagtatctt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag	60
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg	120
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaa tcaacactct caatgcccc cctcgtctct	180
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga	240
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc cttttccga agtcnctccg ttcaatcttg	300
c	301

<210> 278
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278

taccactaca	ctccagcctg	ggcaacagag	caagacctgt	ctcaaagcat	aaaatggaat	60
aacatatcaa	atgaaacagg	gaaaatgaag	ctgacaattt	atggaagcca	gggcttggtca	120
cagtctctac	tggtattatg	cattacctgg	gaatttatat	aagcccttaa	taataatgcc	180
aatgaacatc	tcatgtgtgc	tcacaatgtt	ctggcactat	tataagtgtc	tcacagggtt	240
tatgtgttct	tcgtaacttt	atggantagg	tactcggccg	cgaacacgct	aagccgaatt	300
c						301

<210> 279

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279

aaagcaggaa	tgacaaagct	tgcttttctg	gtatgttcta	ggtgtattgt	gacttttact	60
gttatattaa	ttgccaatat	aagtaaata	agattatata	tgtatagtgt	ttcacaaagc	120
ttagaccttt	acctccagc	caccccacag	tgcttgatat	ttcagagtca	gtcattgggt	180
atacatgtgt	agttccaaag	cacataagct	agaanaanaa	atatttctag	ggagcactac	240
catctgtttt	cacatgaaat	gccacacaca	tagaactcca	acatcaattt	cattgcacag	300
a						301

<210> 280

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 280

ggtactggag	ttttcctccc	ctgtgaaaac	gtaactactg	ttgggagtga	attgaggatg	60
tagaaaggtg	gtggaaccaa	attgtgggtc	atggaaatag	gagaatatgg	ttctcactct	120
tgagaaaaaa	acctaagatt	agcccaggta	gttgccctga	acttcagttt	ttctgcctgg	180
gtttgatata	gtttagggtt	ggggtttagat	taagatctaa	attacatcag	gacaaagaga	240
cagactatta	actccacagt	taattaagga	ggtatgttcc	atgtttattt	gttaaagcag	300
t						301

<210> 281

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 281

aggtacaaga	aggggaatgg	gaaagagctg	ctgctgtggc	attgttcaac	ttggatatcc	60
gccgagcaat	ccaaatcctg	aatgaagggg	catcttctga	aaaaggagat	ctgaatctca	120
atgtggtagc	aatggcttta	tcgggttata	cggatgagaa	gaactccctt	tggagagaaa	180
tgtgtagcac	actgcgatta	cagctaaata	acccgtattt	gtgtgtcatg	tttgcatctc	240

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
g 301

<210> 282
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
cagggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
tccagaaccc aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacctt gctaaccctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taacctttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
cagaagcaaa gcccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
a 301

<210> 283
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaaag gatgcaaaag 60
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggatgat gcatctttta 240
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
g 301

<210> 284
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
cagggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggccttaga atttgaacat ttgtggctctt tatttacttt 60
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaacg aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
ggtagagggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaatt 300
a 301

<210> 285
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
acatcaccat gatcggtacc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgttttaa aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

180
240
300
301

```
<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

60
120
180
240
300
301

```
<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

60
120
180
240
300
301

```
<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

60
120
180
240
300
301

```
<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<400> 289

6

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

3

```
<210> 291
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

6

```
<210> 292
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

3

<210> 293
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
 ggtaccaagt gctggtgccg gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc 60
 ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactggt 120
 aacacaaacg tctactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180
 gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgacccataa caatatacac tagctatctt ttttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 ttttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaattatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaaataag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttc tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttgggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggt 240
 tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg tttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
 attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtgggc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc cctccccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctgggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccaccct 180
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycaggc tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcaggtggct ctgagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
tcaactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120
tgggattgca ggtcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttggcca gctggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240
cggcctccca aagtgttgga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatatat 300
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300

attcagtttt atttgcgtgcc ccagttatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga 60
tatgtcccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttcctctatc agctgggtca 120
gctgcattcc acaagggtct cagcctaatag agtttacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta 180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttggtac 240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atcccgagcg catcccccat 300
g 301

<210> 301

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagttctgc 60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagttggt 120
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacaaac agtgggagct cacaagacc 180
ctcagagctg agacacccac aacagtggga gctcaciaag accctcagag ctgagacacc 240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt 300
t 301

<210> 302

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

aggtacacat ttagcttggt gtaaattgact cacaaaactg atttttaaact caagttaatg 60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaattctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac 120
ttgagttggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg 300
g 301

<210> 303

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cttttttct tccatatca actaagttgt 60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac 120
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcattgtaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300
c 301

<210> 304

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta tttgcttgac attgcctaatt 60

```

tattagtttc agtttcagct tacccacttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc      120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggtt tgtgccatta ctggtgcagt      180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga      240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct      300
c                                                                              301

```

<210> 305

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305

```

gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag      60
cagggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggag      120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag      180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaacctagg tggaacaaaa      240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag      300
a                                                                              301

```

<210> 306

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306

Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu

1

5

<210> 307

<211> 637

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 307

```

acaggggratg aagggaaggg gagaggatga ggaagcccc ctggggattt ggtttgggtcc      60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa atagggggcac      120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt      180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctgggggttat gaagatgggt gaacacccca      240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga      300
gcaggaggac gcttgacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattgggtgtg      360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga      420
tttcggtggg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagttaa      480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca sctgatagag gaagtagcca      540
ggtagggagcc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg      600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaaactg aatctttg                                     637

```

<210> 308

<211> 647

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(647)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca	ttatcatgta	aatcgggtca	ctcaaggggc	caaccacagc	tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg	aagggtcata	tgggactttc	tactgcccac	ggttctatac	aggatataaa	120
ggngcctcac	agtatagatc	tggtagcaaa	gaagaagaaa	caaacactga	tctctttctg	180
ccacccctct	gaccctttgg	aactcctctg	accctttaga	acaagcctac	ctaatactctg	240
ctagagaaaa	gaccaacaac	ggcctcaaag	gatctcttac	catgaagggtc	tcagctaatt	300
cttggctaag	atgtgggttc	cacattaggt	tctgaatatg	gggggaaggg	tcaatttgct	360
cattttgtgt	gtggataaag	tcaggatgcc	caggggccag	agcagggggc	tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg	gctgagcata	taaccatagg	ttatggggaa	caaaacaaca	tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt	gccatgaaga	cttgaggggac	ctgaatctac	cgattcatct	taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt	gagtggcaac	aatgcagcag	cagaatcaat	ggaacaaca	gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt	tttttctcct	gcttctgact	tgataaaagg	ggaccgt		647

<210> 309
<211> 460
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt	ttaggctgga	cattggaaaa	aaaaaaaaagc	cagaacaaca	tgtgatagat	60
aatatgattg	gctgcacact	tccagactga	tgaatgatga	acgtgatgga	ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct	tcagcaagag	ggggaaatac	tcattcatttt	tggccagcag	ttgtttgatc	180
accaaacatc	atgccagaat	actcagcaaa	ccttcttagc	tcttgagaag	tcaaagtccg	240
ggggaattta	ttcctggcaa	ttttaattgg	actccttatg	tgagagcagc	ggctaccag	300
ctggggtggt	ggagcgaacc	cgtcactagt	ggacatgcag	tggcagagct	cctggttaacc	360
acctagagga	atacacaggc	acatgtgtga	tgccaagcgt	gacacctgta	gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttggt	tttgtctttc	ggtgtgtaag	attcttaagt			460

<210> 310
<211> 539
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 310

acgggactta	tcaaataaag	ataggaaaag	aagaaaactc	aaatattata	ggcagaaatg	60
ctaaaggttt	taaaatatgt	caggattgga	agaaggcatg	gataaagaac	aaagttcagt	120
taggaaagag	aaacacagaa	ggaagagaca	caataaaaag	cattatgtat	tctgtgagaa	180
gtcagacagt	aagatttgtg	ggaaatgggt	tggtttggtg	ratggtatgt	attttagcaa	240
taatctttat	ggcagagaaa	gctaaaatcc	tttagcttgc	gtgaatgata	acttgctgaa	300
ttcctcaagg	taggcatgat	gaaggagggt	ttagaggaga	cacagacaca	atgaactgac	360
ctagatagaa	agccttagta	tactcagcta	ggaatagtga	ttctgagggc	acactgtgac	420
atgattatgt	cattacatgt	atggtagtga	tggggatgat	aggaaggaag	aacttatggc	480
atattttcac	ccccacaaaa	gtcagttaaa	tattggggaca	ctaaccatcc	aggtcaaga	539

<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(526)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311

caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc	60
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta	120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tggtcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa	180
attaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg	240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa	300
aaaatgggga aactctgaag ggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc	360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc	420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccttttc cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa	480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atcccaaaag cacagt	526

<210> 312
 <211> 500
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(500)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312

cctctctctc cccacccctt gactctagag aactgggttt tctcccagta ctccagcaat	60
tcattttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct	120
ccattttctct ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgtc atgagtgtaa	180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg	240
gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atccccctct	300
tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacce atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct	360
tgctaattgt gtttcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggatatag aatatcagct	420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt	480
tagtcttaat tatctattgg	500

<210> 313
 <211> 718
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(718)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313

ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgagggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc	60
tgatgatata gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaaat ggagataatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa	180
gtagtacat gtttttgac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac	240
aaaagggaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccggccg ccattctggg tcatcgatga	300
gcctcgccct gtgctgntc ccgcttgatg gggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg	360
ttccttaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgtgtggat atttatttga acgggattac	420

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat	480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca atcatttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataac tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc centcntttt aannttante caaantgt	718

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

gtttattttac attacagaaa aaacatcaag acaatgtata ctatttcaaa tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattgggtg agattaccac aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggta gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgtatt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcctc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgc	300
tctggggcat ttccttgtga tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt	358

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

taccacctcc ccgctggcac tgatgagccg catcaccatg gtcaccagca ccatgaaggc	60
ataggtgatg atgaggacat ggaatgggcc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt	120
gacccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag cccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatate gtccttaggg gtcattgtagg cttcctgaag	240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tggtgtcccg ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tcctgggctt	300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t	341

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggc cttgttgccg tatccattta	60
tgtggggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact	120
cattcagggga gctctgggtg caatattagt t	151

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

agaactagtg gatcctaag aaataacctga aacatatatt ggcattttatc aatggctcaa	60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaaccttg ctcctgagge tgcggccagc agatcccagg	120
ccagggctct gttcttgcca cacctgcttg a	151

<210> 318

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

```
actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tgggggcggt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                     151
```

<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

```
aactagtggga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                     151
```

<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

```
aactagtggga tccactagtc cagtgtggtg gaattccatt gtgttggggg tctagatcgc    60
gagcggctgc cctttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                     150
```

<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

```
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatttt aggcttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt    60
taggggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                     151
```

<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

```
atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgccctc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg    60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggctt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgccttca nacttccagt t                                     151
```

<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg tktttctttt ctttattttt aatcctctta ckttgtaa atattgccta	60
nagactcant tactaccag tttgtggttt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g	151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg aatttcagct ttctcatgc aaaaggattt tgtatccccg gcctacttga	60
agaagtggc agctaaagga atccaggttg ttgggtggac tgtaataacc tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta cgaatcccat cttggttcca gctatatcac tgacagcatg gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca cttctagact ttacggtgg gacgaaacgg gttcagaaac tgccaggggc	240
ctcatacagg gatatcaaaa taccctttgt gctaccagg ccctggggaa tcaggtgact	300
cacacaaatg caatagttgg tcaactgcatt tttacctgaa ccaaagctaa acccggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc accatggcat gccagagttc aacactgttg ctcttgaaaa ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac aagagcccct gccctgccct agctgangca c	461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc catgttatgt ttctacacat tgctacctca gtgctcctgg aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct ccaagtagtc caccttcatt taactctttg aaactgtatc atctttgcc	120
agtaagagtg gtggcctatt tcagctgctt tgacaaaatg actggctcct gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg aatgtgctga agcaaagtgc ccatgggtggc ggcaagaag agaaagatgt	240
gttttgttt ggactctctg tggctccctc caatgctgtg ggtttccaac caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg cattgccaag tgccataacc atgagcacta cgctaccatg gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc aggtctggtt gcaagaatga aatgaatgat	400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc agcccgact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca ctggcatgg aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcacccgca gtgggtgctg tcagccgcac actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac accatcgggc tgggcctgca cagtcttgag gccgaccaag agccaggag	180

```

ccagatggtg gaggccagcc tctccgtacg gcacccagag tacaacagac ccttgctcgc 240
taacgacctc atgctcatca agttggacga atccgtgtcc gagtctgaca ccatccggag 300
catcagcatt gcttcgcagt gccctaccgc ggggaactct tgccctcgtt ctggctgggg 360
tctgctggcg aacggcagaa tgcctaccgt gctgcagtgc gtgaacgtgt cgggtggtgtc 420
tgaggaggtc tgcagtaagc tctatgacct gctgtaccac cccagcatgt tctgcgccgg 480
cggaggggcaa gaccagaagg actcctgcaa cggtgactct ggggggcccc tgatctgcaa 540
cgggtacttg cagggccttg tgtctttcgg aaaagccccg tgtggccaag ttggcgtgcc 600
aggtgtctac accaacctct gcaaattcac tgagtggata gagaaaaccg tccaggccag 660
ttaactctgg ggactgggaa cccatgaaat tgacccccaa atacatcctg cgggaaggaa 720
tcaggaatat ctgttcccag cccctcctcc ctcaggccca ggagtccagg ccccagccc 780
ctcctccctc aaaccaaggg tacagatccc cagccctcc tccctcagac ccaggagtcc 840
agacccccca gccctcctc cctcagaccc aggagtccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca 900
ggagtccaga cccccagcc cctcctccct cagaccagg ggtccaggcc cccaaccct 960
cctcctcag actcagaggt ccaagcccc aaccctcct tcccagacc cagaggtcca 1020
ggccccagcc cctcctccct cagaccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctcctgtac 1080
acagtgtccc cttgtggcac gttgacccaa cttaccagt tggtttttca tttttgtcc 1140
ctttcccta gatccagaaa taaagtctaa gagaagcgca aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaa aaaaa 1215

```

<210> 327

<211> 220

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 327

```

Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1           5           10           15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20           25           30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35           40           45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50           55           60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65           70           75           80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85           90           95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100          105          110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115          120          125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130          135          140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145          150          155          160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165          170          175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180          185          190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195          200          205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210          215          220

```

<210> 328

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 328

```

cgctcgtctc tggtagctgc agccaaatca taaacggcga ggactgcagc ccgcactcgc      60
agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattgaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc gtcctgggtgc      120
atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc atcgggctgg      180
gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag gccca      234

```

<210> 329

<211> 77

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 329

```

Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser
 1              5              10              15
Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu
      20              25              30
Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr
      35              40              45
His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu
      50              55              60
Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala
65              70              75

```

<210> 330

<211> 70

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 330

```

cccaacacaa tggcccgatc ccattccctga ctccgccctc aggatcgctc gtctctggta      60
gctgcagcca                                     70

```

<210> 331

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 331

```

Gln His Asn Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu
 1              5              10              15
Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser
      20

```

<210> 332

<211> 2507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 332

```

tgggtgccgct gcagccggca gagatgggtg agctcatgtt cccgctgttg ctctccttc      60
tgcccttcct tctgtatatg gctgcgcccc aaatcaggaa aatgctgtcc agtggggtgt      120

```

gtacatcaac	tgttcagctt	cctgggaaaag	tagttgtggt	cacaggagct	aatacaggta	180
tcgggaagga	gacagccaaa	gagctggctc	agagaggagc	tcgagtatat	ttagcttgcc	240
gggatgtgga	aaagggggaa	ttggtggcca	aagagatcca	gaccacgaca	gggaaccagc	300
aggtgttgg	gcggaaaactg	gacctgtctg	atactaagtc	tattcgagct	tttgctaagg	360
gcttcttagc	tgaggaaaaag	cacctccacg	ttttgatcaa	caatgcagga	gtgatgatgt	420
gtccgtactc	gaagacagca	gatggctttg	agatgcacat	aggagtcaac	cacttgggtc	480
acttctctct	aacctatctg	ctgctagaga	aactaaagga	atcagcccca	tcaaggatag	540
taaatgtgtc	ttccctcgca	catcacctgg	gaaggatcca	cttcataac	ctgcaggcg	600
agaaattcta	caatgcaggc	ctggcctact	gtcacagcaa	gctagccaac	atcctcttca	660
cccaggaact	ggcccggaga	ctaaaaggct	ctggcgttac	gacgtattct	gtacacctg	720
gcacagtcca	atctgaactg	gttcggcact	catctttcat	gagatggatg	tgggtggctt	780
tctcctttt	catcaagact	cctcagcagg	gagcccagac	cagcctgcac	tgtgccttaa	840
cagaaggctc	tgagattcta	agtgggaatc	atttcagtga	ctgtcatgtg	gcatgggtct	900
ctgcccagc	tcgtaatgag	actatagcaa	ggcggctgtg	ggacgtcagt	tgtgacctgc	960
tgggcctccc	aatagactaa	caggcagtgc	cagttggacc	caagagaaga	ctgcagcaga	1020
ctacacagta	cttcttgtca	aaatgattct	ccttcaaggt	tttcaaaacc	tttagcacia	1080
agagagcaaa	accttccagc	cttgctgct	tgggtgtccag	ttaaaactca	gtgtactgcc	1140
agattcgtct	aaatgtctgt	catgtccaga	tttactttgc	ttctgttact	gccagagtta	1200
ctagagatat	cataatagga	taagaagacc	ctcatatgac	ctgcacagct	cattttcctt	1260
ctgaaagaaa	ctactaccta	ggagaatcta	agctatagca	gggatgattt	atgcaaattt	1320
gaactagctt	ctttgttcac	aattcagttc	ctcccaacca	accagtcttc	acttcaagag	1380
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cccaggcatg	gtggatcacc	ggaggctcagt	agttcaagac	cagcctggcc	aacatggtga	1500
aaccccacct	ctactaaaaa	ttgtgtatat	ctttgtgtgt	cttctgtttt	atgtgtgcca	1560
agggagtatt	ttcaciaaagt	tcaaaacagc	cacaataatc	agagatggag	caaaccagtg	1620
ccatccagtc	tttatgcaaa	tgaaatgctg	caaagggaag	cagattctgt	atatgttgg	1680
aactaccac	caagagcaca	tgggtagcag	ggaagaagta	aaaaaagaga	aggagaatac	1740
tggaagataa	tgcacaaaat	gtaaggatt	aactagccct	ttaaggatta		1800
actagttaag	gattaatagc	aaaagayatt	aaatatgcta	acatagctat	ggaggaattg	1860
agggcaagca	cccaggactg	atgaggtctt	aacaaaaacc	agtgtggcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1920
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaatccta	aaaacaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	acaattcttc	attcagaaaa	1980
attatcttag	ggactgatat	tggtaattat	ggtcaattta	ataatatttt	ggggcatttc	2040
cttacattgt	cttgacaaga	ttaaaatgtc	tgtgccaaaa	ttttgtartt	tatttgagga	2100
cttcttatca	aaagtaatgc	tgccaaagga	agtctaagga	attagtagtg	ttcccatcac	2160
ttgtttggag	tgtgctattc	taaaagattt	tgatttcctg	gaatgacaat	tatattttaa	2220
ctttggtggg	ggaagaggtt	ataggaccac	agtcttcact	tctgatactt	gtaaatataat	2280
cttttatgtc	acttggtttg	accattaaagc	tatatgttta	gaaatggtca	ttttacggaa	2340
aaattagaaa	aattctgata	atagtgcaga	ataaatgaat	taatgtttta	cttaatttat	2400
attgaactgt	caatgacaaa	taaaaattct	ttttgattat	ttttgtttt	catttaccag	2460
aataaaaaacg	taagaattaa	aagtttgatt	acaaaaaaa	aaaaaaa		2507

<210> 333

<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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<211> 2984

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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<210> 336

<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

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Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
35          40          45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
50          55          60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
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<211> 483
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<210> 343

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

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<210> 344

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	cctcttatt	aatcatcatc	ctagccctaa	480
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<210> 345

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345

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gcgtgggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggatttgg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251

<210> 346
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346
 cgcgctcttg acactgtgat catgacaggg gttcaaacag aaagtgcctg ggccctcctt 60
 ctaagtcttg ttaccaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctcagttaca aattctggga 120
 agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagaggtct tccctcccg accaaaaaat 180
 agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccaggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
 ggtctcattt cccaagggtc cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
 acacacataa tattataaaa tgccatctaa ttggaaggag ctttctatca ttgcaagtca 60
 taaatataac ttttaaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctcctaaa tgcttgtaaa 120
 tctgagactg actggaccca cccagaccca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
 tataaagaat ttttttttgt c 201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348
 ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcatcacttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
 agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccctg ggcaggcaga 120
 aggagacact cccagcatgg aggagggtt atcttttcat cctaggtcag gtctacaatg 180
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 gccttgcttc c 251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349
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 aacccttgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggt gtggtattat caacagagtt 120
 cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgttaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180
 agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240

actcctgggt t

251

<210> 350

<211> 908

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 350

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cggctggaat tgctctgggt atgatgacag agaaaatgat ctcttctctt gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa ttgatgggg aatgtttaag aattggagac actgtgactt gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc aacaatgact atgtgcctgt gtgtggctcc aatggggaga gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac ctgcgacagg ctgcatgcaa acagcagagt gagatacttg tgggtgcaga	360
aggatcatgt gccacagtcc atgaaggctc tggagaaact agtcaaaagg agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt tgccagtttg gtgcagaatg tgacgaagat gccgaggatg tctgggtgtg	480
gtgtaatat gactgttctc aaaccaactt caatccccctc tgcgttctg atgggaaatc	540
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ttatgcaaga acagattatg cagagaatgc taacaaatta gaagaaagtg ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct tgtccggaac attacaatgg cttctgcatg catgggaagt gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg caggagccat cttgcaggtg tgatgctggt tatactggac aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac tacagtgttc tatacgttgt tcccggctct gtacgatttc agtatgtctt	900
aatcgtag	908

<210> 351

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 351

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cattaacttg attttaaaat cagwtttgyg agtcatttac cacaagctaa atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa acaaccattg tattcctgtt tttctaaaca gtcctaattt ctaacactgt	240
atatatcctt cgacatcaat gaactttgtt ttcttttact ccagtaataa agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca caacaaactt gccctctcat gccttgctc tcaccatgct ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccc tttggcctgt ttgttttgtc aaaaacctaa tctgcttctt gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata tttaggggaag atgttgcttt gccacacac gaagcaaagt aa	472

<210> 352

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 352

ctcaaagcta atctctcggg aatcaaacca gaaaaggcca aggatcttag gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag gccagggtcaa tggctgcaag catgcagaga aagagggtaca tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt tccgtcctta cgatgaagac cacgatgcag tttccaaaca ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa aggaggggga agccaaccca gaaatgggct ttctctaate ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca a	251

<210> 353

<211> 436

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353

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cacattatgg tattattact atactgatta tatttatcat gtgacttcta attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa gcaaaacagc agatatacaa aattaaagag acagaagata gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa cttatacatt gacaatccaa atccaataca tttaaacatt tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa tgggaagccar atcaaatttg tgtaaaacta ttcagtatgt tccccttgc	300
tcatgtctga raaggctctc ccttcaatgg ggatgacaaa ctccaaatgc cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat actagattca cactggaacg ggggtaaaga agaaattatt ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa tgtagt	436

<210> 354

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354

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atcaggggacc accctttggg ttgatatttt gcttaatctg catcttttga gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag aagctgttct ccagggtacat ttctctagct catgtacaaa aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt cagggtgcctt gctaaaagcc agatgcgttc ggcacttctt tggcttgagg	300
ttaattgcac acctacaggg actgggctca tgctttcaag tattttgtcc tcaacttagg	360
gtgagtgaat gatccccatt ataggagcac ttgggagaga tcatataaaa gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc agtaatgggg tagatgtgtg ttggtgtgtc tcatctctgc aagggtgctt	480
gttagggagt gtttccagga ggaacaagtc tgaaaccaat catgaaataa atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa aactaattca aaagagagat cgtgatatca gtgtgggtga tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa ggctctaatt tgccccatatt tgaaataata attcagcttt ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa ggattgagaa tcatggtgtc taatgtataa aagaccagg aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg cataaatgta aaatgcatgt gacccaagaa ggccccaag tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc attttccctt ccaaaatgtg agcggcgggc ctgctgcttt caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg tcag	854

<210> 355

<211> 676

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

gaaattaagt atgagctaaa ttccctgtta aaacctctag ggggtgacaga tctcttcaac	60
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atccacaagt catacctgga tgtcagcgaa gagggcacgg aggcagcagc agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg ctgtaaaaag cctaccaatg agagctcagt tcaaggcgaa ccaccccttc	240
ctgttcttta taaggcacac tcataccaac acgactctat tctgtggcaa gcttgctctt	300
ccctaatacag atgggggtga gtaaggctca gagttgcaga tgagggtcag agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc cacggccaaa aagctgttca cacctcacgc acctctgtgc ctcatgttgc	420
tcatctgcaa aataggtcta ggatttcttc caaccatttc atgagtgtg aagctaaggc	480
tttgtaatc atggaaaaag gtagacttat gcagaaagcc tttctggctt tcttatctgt	540
ggtgtctcat ttgagtgtg tccagtga tcatcaagtc aatgagtaaa attttaaggg	600
attagatttt ctgacttgt atgtatctgt gagatcttga ataagtgacc tgacatctct	660
gcttaaaagaa aaccag	676

<210> 356

<211> 574

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356

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caagcttccc attttagat ctgactgcct atgagtatct gacacctgtt cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg gaggtttaa tctgtctcag gtgtgctaag agtgccagcc caaggkggtc	240
aaaagtccac aaaactgcag tctttgctgg gatagtaagc caagcagtgc ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt cttgggcaac agataaccag acaggactct aatcgtgctc ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc tctgcctaga ctggaataaa aagccaatct ctctcgtggc acaggggaagg	420
agatacaagc tcgtttacat gtgatagatc taacaaaggc atctaccgaa gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc acagggagct cttaggtcag cgctgctggg tggaggacat tcctgagtcc	540
agctttgcag cctttgtgca acagtacttt ccca	574

<210> 357

<211> 393

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tacagaatat aratgcttta tcaactgkact	60
taatatggkg kcttggtcac tatacttaaa aatgcaccac tcataaatat ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac caaracttga ttttatcaac aaaaaccctt aaatataaac ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa ttattccagt ttttttaaaa cttaaaarat attccattgc cgaattaara	240
araarataag tggttatatg aaagaagggc attcaagcac actaaaraaa cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg tacaaaatta aactgtcctt ttggcattt taacaaattt gcaacgktct	360
ttttttcttt tttctgtttt tttttttttt tac	393

<210> 358

<211> 630

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

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ttaatgttta taggaaaatg atgagtttat gacaaaggaa gtagatagtg ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta gggaagctaa tccagcacag ggaggtcaca gagacatccc taagggaagt	180
gagtttaaac tgagagaagc aagtgcctaa actgaaggat gtgttgaaga agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat ttgggagagc ggaaccttat agaccctaag gtgggaaggc tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc tagaacagct ggagccgttc tccggtgtaa agaggagtca aagagataag	360
attaaagatg tgaagattaa gatcttggtg gcattcaggg attggcactt ctacaagaaa	420
tcactgaagg gagtaatgtg acattacttt tcacttcagg atggccattc taactccagg	480
gggtagactg gactaggtaa gactggaggc aggtagacct cttctaaggc ctgcatagtg	540
gaaagacaaa aataagtggg gaaattcagg ggatagtga aatcagtagg acttaatgag	600
caagccagag gttcctccac aacaaccagt	630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

acagcattcc aaaatatata tctagagact aarrgtaaat gctctatagt gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa atgctactaa tatagaaaat ttataatcag aaaaataaat attcagggag	120

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ctcaccagaa gaataaagtg ctctgccagt tattaaagga ttactgctgg tgaattaaat      180
atggcattcc ccaagggaaa tagagagatt ctctcggatt atgttcaata tttatttcac      240
aggattaact gttttaggaa cagatatataa gcttcgccac ggaagagatg gacaaagcac      300
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aatgtaagat aactttataa gaattctggg tcaaataaaa ttctttgaag aaaacatcca      480
aatgtcattg acttatcaaa tactatcttg gcatataacc tatgaaggca aaactaaaca      540
aacaaaaagc tcacacaaaa caaaaccatc aacttatttt gtattctata acatacgaga      600
ctgtaaagat gtgacagtgt                                     620

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<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

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aaaaaaaaaa agccagaaca acatgtgata gataatatga ttggctgcac acttccagac      60
tgatgaatga tgaacgtgat ggactattgt atggagcaca tcttcagcaa gagggggaaa      120
tactcatcat ttttgccag cagttgtttg atcaccacaa atcatgccag aatactcagc      180
aaaccttctt agctcttgag aagtcaaagt ccgggggaat ttattcctgg caattttaat      240
tggactcctt atgtgagagc agcggctacc cagctggggg ggtggagcga acccgtcact      300
agtggacatg cagtggcaga gctcctggtg accacctaga ggaatacaca ggcacatgtg      360
tgatgccaag cgtgacacct gtagcactca aatttgtctt gtttttgtct ttcgggtgtg      420
agattcttag t                                     431

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<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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acactgattt ccgatcaaaa gaatcatcat ctttaccttg acttttcagg gaattactga      60
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ttgggtctct tggctctctg ccaagtttcc cagccactcg agggagaaat atcgggaggt      180
ttgacttctt ccgggggctt ccgaggggt tcaccgtgag cctgcggcc ctcagggctg      240
caatcctgga ttcaatgtct gaaacctcgc tctctgcctg ctggacttct gaggccgtca      300
ctgccactct gtccttcagc tctgacagct cctcatctgt ggtcctgttg t                                     351

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<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

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acttcatcag gccataatgg gtgcctcccg tgagaatcca agcacctttg gactgcgcga      60
tgtagatgag ccggctgaag atcttgcgca tgcggggctt cagggcgaa gttcttggcg      120
ccccggctac agaaatgacc aggttgggtg ttttcagggt ccagtgtctg gtcagcagct      180
cgtaaaggat ttccgcgtcc gtgtcgagg acagacgtat atacttcctt ttcttcccca      240
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agttccattt ctcaatttgg ttgatctggg tgccttccat gtgtggctc tgggcatagc      360
cacacttgca cacattctcc ctgataagca cgatgggtgt gacagggaag aaggatttca      420
ttgagcctgc ttatggaaac tgggtattgt agcttaaata gac                                     463

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<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

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tgaggaggac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt .cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttgagat      180
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atcttgagaga tccntgggtcc agaattccat ttacctctg ggccagatac caccagaatg      600
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<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

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aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga      180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata      240
catttcacac ccttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggcaactccat aaaatgtatc      300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac      360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g              401

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<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

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taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggctc attcttgggt aaagaaatga ctccacaaa      180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcatcatctc cgtaaatggt      240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga      300
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<210> 366

<211> 1851

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 366

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cttttcccca tttagtatta tgttggtgtt gggcttgta taggtgggtt ttattacttt 1800
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<210> 367

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

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accrtataag agcagtgtt tggccattaa tttatctttc attttagaca gcrtagtgya 180
gagtgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta 240
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cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga 540
gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 600
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<210> 368

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

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tttctctga gaactgcaac aataaataca aggatgctgg attttgtcaa atgccttttc	180
tgtgtctgtt gagatgctta tgtgactttg cttttaattc tgtttatgtg attatcacat	240
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ctgcggcagc ttccgggataa cttgaggctg catcactggg gaagaaacac aytccgtgcc	360
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<210> 371
 <211> 1855
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
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 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1855)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371
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 acatgtttca gtgaatagag atcctgctcc tttggcaagt tcctaaaaaa cagtaataga 1800
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<210> 372
 <211> 1059
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 372
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 catctggcct ctgccaatgg gaattcagaa gtagtaaaac tcstgctgga cagacgatgt 360

caacttaatg	tccttgacaa	caaaaagagg	acagctctga	yaaaggccgt	acaatgccag	420
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cttcaaaata	ctgaaatgca	ttcattttta	cattgacgtg	tgtaagggcc	agtcttccgt	660
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<210> 373

<211> 1155

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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<210> 374

<211> 2000

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374

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cttagttgta	agaaagaaaa	agacatcttg	catgaaaata	gtacgttgcg	ggaagaaatt	1920
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<210> 375

<211> 2040

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	ggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccaggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctgggtgggt	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgatcat	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcc	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgtaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatgggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttgggtga	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaat	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatctcttc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggtgatagag	aggttgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	cactgctggc	1320
aatgggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380

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cctgacaacg aaagtgaaga gtatcacaga atttgccaat tagtttctga ctacaaagaa 1440
aaacagatgc caaaatactc ttctgaaaac agcaaccag aacaagactt aaagctgaca 1500
tcagaggaag agtcacaaag gcttgagggc agtgaaaatg gccagccaga gaaaagatct 1560
caagaaccag aaataaataa ggatggatag agagagctag aaaattttat ggctatcgaa 1620
gaaatgaaga agcacggaag tactcatgtc ggattcccag aaaacctgac taatgggtgcc 1680
actgctggca atgggtgatg tggattaatt cctccaagga agagcagaac acctgaaagc 1740
cagcaatttc ctgacactga gaatgaagag tatcacagtg acgaacaaaa tgatactcag 1800
aagcaatttt gtgaagaaca gaacactgga atattacacg atgagattct gattcatgaa 1860
gaaaagcaga tagaagtggg tgaaaaaatg aattctgagc tttctcttag ttgtaagaaa 1920
gaaaaagaca tcttgcacga aaatagtacg ttgcgggaag aaattgccat gctaagactg 1980
gagctagaca caatgaaaca tcagagccag ctaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2040

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<210> 376

<211> 329

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

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Met Asp Ile Val Val Ser Gly Ser His Pro Leu Trp Val Asp Ser Phe
 1           5           10           15
Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ser Asp Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Leu Met Ala Glu
 20           25           30
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
 35           40           45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
 50           55           60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
 65           70           75           80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 85           90           95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100           105           110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115           120           125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130           135           140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145           150           155           160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165           170           175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
180           185           190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195           200           205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210           215           220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225           230           235           240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245           250           255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
260           265           270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275           280           285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

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290 295 300
 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
 325

<210> 377

<211> 148

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(148)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377

Met Thr Xaa Pro Ser Trp Ser Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Glu Lys Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys
 20 25 30
 Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
 130 135 140
 Lys Asn Lys Val
 145

<210> 378

<211> 1719

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 378

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys
 370 375 380
 Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys
 405 410 415
 Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly
 420 425 430
 Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys
 435 440 445
 Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly
 450 455 460
 Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys
 485 490 495
 Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp
 500 505 510
 Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu
 515 520 525

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
 725 730 735
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
 740 745 750
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
 770 775 780
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

	965		970		975
Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His					
	980		985		990
Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser					
	995		1000		1005
Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu					
	1010		1015		1020
Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His					
	1025		1030		1035
Gln Ser Gln Leu Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met					
	1045		1050		1055
Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met					
	1060		1065		1070
Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys					
	1075		1080		1085
Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr					
	1090		1095		1100
Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys					
	1105		1110		1115
Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp					
	1125		1130		1135
Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His					
	1140		1145		1150
Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp					
	1155		1160		1165
Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg					
	1170		1175		1180
Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val					
	1185		1190		1195
Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys					
	1205		1210		1215
Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly					
	1220		1225		1230
Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn					
	1235		1240		1245
Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys					
	1250		1255		1260
Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro					
	1265		1270		1275
Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr					
	1285		1290		1295
Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp					
	1300		1305		1310
Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val					
	1315		1320		1325
His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala					
	1330		1335		1340
Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala					
	1345		1350		1355
Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn					
	1365		1370		1375
Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr					
	1380		1385		1390
Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr					
	1395		1400		1405

Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu
 1410 1415 1420
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
 1425 1430 1435 144
 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
 1445 1450 1455
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser
 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
 1505 1510 1515 152
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
 1525 1530 1535
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
 1555 1560 1565
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
 1570 1575 1580
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
 1585 1590 1595 160
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
 1605 1610 1615
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
 1620 1625 1630
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
 1635 1640 1645
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
 1650 1655 1660
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
 1665 1670 1675 168
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
 1685 1690 1695
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
 1700 1705 1710
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379

<211> 656

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 379

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

```

      500      505      510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
      515      520      525
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
      530      535      540
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
545      550      555      560
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
      565      570      575
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
      580      585      590
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
      595      600      605
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
      610      615      620
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
625      630      635      640
Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
      645      650      655

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<210> 380
<211> 671
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 380
Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1      5      10      15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
      20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
      50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
      100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
      115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
      130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165      170      175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
      180      185      190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
      195      200      205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
      210      215      220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

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Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys
Ala	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	Val
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn
Ser	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys
Lys	Gln	Met	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln
Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ser
Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	Arg	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys
Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Phe	Met	Ala	Ile	Glu	Glu	Met	Lys
His	Gly	Ser	Thr	His	Val	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly
Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro	Pro	Arg	Lys	Ser
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ser	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr
Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gln	Phe	Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln
Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln
Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys
Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile
Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His	Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381

ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttccctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa	60
ggtaacatgc ttcccctaag ggtatcccaa cccagggggc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg	120
ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggaggt gggggcaggt gaaggaccca ggactcacac	180
atcctggggc tccaaggcag aggagaggggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa	240
caagcagtca g	251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382

cttcctgcag ccccatgct ggtgaggggc acggggcagga acagtggacc caacatggaa	60
atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgatcgggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggaggtgt	120
cactgggagg ggacatcctg cagaaggtag gagtgagcaa acacccgctg caggggaggg	180
gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgcccaggc ctgggaggag	240
gggcctggag ggcgtgagga ggagcagggg ggctgcatgg ctggagttag ggatcagggg	300
cagggcgctg gatggcctca cacaggggaag agagggcccc tctgcaggg cctcacctgg	360
gccacaggag gacactgctt ttctctgtag gagtcaggag ctgtgtagtg tgctggacag	420
aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gaggtgtctg ctggcttccc ttggggatca	480
gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcaggggtgt ggggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg	540
gtggctccag gccttgcccc tgccctggggc ctcaccagc ctccctcaca gtctcctggc	600
cctcagtctc tccctccac tccatcctcc atctggcctc agtgggtcat tctgatcact	660
gaactgacca taccagccc tgcccacggc cctccatggc tcccaatgc cctggagagg	720
ggacatctag tcagagagta gtctgaaga ggtggcctct gcgatgtgcc tgtgggggca	780
gcacctgca gatggtccc gcccctatcc tgctgacctg tctgcaggga ctgtcctcct	840
ggaccttgcc ccttgctgag gagctggacc ctgaagtccc ctcccatag gccaaagctg	900
gagccttgtt cctctgttg gactccctgc ccatattctt gtgggagtggt gttctggaga	960
catttctgtc tgttctgag agctgggaat tgctctcagt catctgcctg cgcggttctg	1020
agagatggag ttgcctaggc agttattggg gccaatctt ctactgtgt ctctcctcct	1080
ttacccttag ggtgattctg ggggtccact tgtctgtaat ggtgtgctt aaggtatcac	1140
atcatggggc cctgagccat gtgccctgcc tgaaaagcct gctgtgtaca ccaagtggt	1200
gcattaccgg aagtggatca aggacacat cgcagccaac ccctgagtgc ccctgtccca	1260
cccctacctc tagtaattt aagtccacct cacgttcttg catcacttgg cctttctgga	1320
tgctggacac ctgaagcttg gaactcacct ggccgaagct cgagcctcct gagtccctact	1380
gacctgtgct ttctggtgtg gactccaggg ctgctaggaa aaggaatggg cagacacagg	1440
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tgtttgtggg gtgcagagat gggaggggtg gggccacccc tggaagagtg gacagtga	1620
caaggtggac actctctaca gatcactgag gataagctgg agccacaatg catgaggcac	1680
acacacagca aggttgacgc tgtaaacata gcccacgctg tcctgggggc actgggaagc	1740
ctagataagg ccgtgagcag aaagaagggg aggatcctcc tatgttgttg aaggagggg	1800
tagggggaga aactgaaagc tgattaatta caggagggtt gttcagggtcc cccaaccac	1860
cgtcagattt gatgatttcc tagcaggact tacagaaata aagagctatc atgctgtggt	1920
ttattatggg ttgttacatt gataggatac atactgaaat cagcaaaaca aacagatga	1980
tagattagag tgtggagaaa acagaggaaa acttgcagtt acgaagactg gcaacttggc	2040
tttactaagt ttctcagactg gcaggaagtc aaacctatta ggctgaggac cttgtggagt	2100
gtagctgac cagctgatag aggaactagc caggtggggg cctttccctt tggatggggg	2160

```

gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
caaggatgta tgataatatg tacaaagtaa ttccaactga ggaagctcac ctgataccta 2280
gtgtccaggg tttttactgg ggggtctgtag gacgagtatg gagtacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaagtcctc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacaggga ttcatcacia atcccatctt tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
ggcccaaggc cccaagtata tcaaggcact tgggcagaac atgccaagga atcaaatgtc 2520
atctcccagg agttattcaa gggtagagccc tttacttggg atgtacaggc tttgagcagt 2580
gcagggtgc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaagggg gaggatgagg 2640
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atcattgttt tatttgcctt cttttcacac cattggtgag ggagggatta ccaccctggg 2820
gttatgaaga tgggtgaaca cccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgctgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
ggggatgcgc tcgggatttg tgtgaagaag caaggactgt tagaggcagg ctttatagta 3000
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gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttgtgga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

```

<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
          100                      105                      110

```

```

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
          115                      120                      125

```

```

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
          130                      135                      140

```

```

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
          145                      150

```

<210> 384
<211> 557
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
ggatcctcta gagcggccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60
aaagatgtgt ttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg ttccaacca 120
ggggaagggg cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatgg 180
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
tccccaaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
ttcccagggt atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatgggggt gatrccttta 60
gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
ttcctaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctgggt cctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
ctttggccac caattcccc tttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
gggcccgtta ccggcccagg ccccgctcgc cgagtcctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccgcga 60
gcccgtctcg cccagagggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggtggcggt ctgtaactca 120
gcgaccttgg cccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcgggcgc 180
gcggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggcggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387
gggcccagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttctt tcctcggatc atcaaggctg 60
ccccctctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga ccggtctctg ggcggtgaa aggggcaagg aggcaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcttc agcactgagg 240
gagggggctt gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctctgg 300

```
gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaaacttc ttcttgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc ccccaagttc aagaccaaata ctccagctg ccccttcgt gttccctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctgagcctgg ttagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 537
```

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

```
aggataatTT ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgaggTTaaa ccagtttgca ttcccctaata gtggaaaaag taaggaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgccctctct acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcaact gccaaagtga 180
ggacccccct cccaacatgc cccagccac ccctaagcat ggctccctgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact cataactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atcttctctc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttgg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tggTgggtt ttttctggt 520
```

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

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cgttgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagTTaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ctttctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365
```

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

```
tgctctcca tcttgcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggnnt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgagg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221
```

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(325)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
ctctcgccg cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naanttn gat ntccanagcc ctacccatch tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
<211> 277
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(277)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaag gttcacatct 60
agtctcactt nggcnagn gn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtngnaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttanaaen ncttggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgcaagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggagg 240
ctgaggatac agcgcgcgct cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
<211> 566
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctgggtca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcata ttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gaggtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
gagaaggctc agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatata ggactgggta ctggttaag 240
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttgga 300
gggtggtttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcactctgta aacattttat 360
catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
ttctgectca atgtttactg tgccctttgtt ttgtctagtt tgtgttgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

```
gaacatacat gtccccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaatng gaccgggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttaa ggagttttaa gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tcccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattaccaa atccggttg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
aggggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt                                     384
```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```
ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcagctct ttcagttacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggg 360
gcagcctggg gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac                                     399
```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

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tggagtntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata ttttctctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gttttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctatct 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgtag gccctgctct ttt                                     403
```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

actagtncag tgtggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgaccta naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctcttggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctcccccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgaggttg atccatcatg 180
ctccggggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

acggaggtgg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tctgncatt gaccnccctn 60
gggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcccgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcgtgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggcc tcgaccacat ggccctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggcccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcatggg 298

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

acatcaacta cttcctcatt ttaaggatg gcagttccct tcatcccctt ttctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagg 120
caaagaacca cacgcttaga agggtaagag ggcacctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt tttccacgt ttaaggggcc atggcaggac ttagagtgc gagttaagac 240
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatccc 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttgccccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagt atctcctacc atgggcccc ctctgggat caagccccct ccaggccctg 480
tcccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg cttgccttgg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gctcctggaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgtcc atgggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaagggtggc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctcccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
gntgatattg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattc aggcacaaaa 60
tcctaaagca gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaagga gactctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataga aaaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgtact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cttttacatg gtgaaagttc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctctgtgttc catagtgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaatt ctgaggggtg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtcct tctccttact 120
tcatcccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctagtc 180
ttcccagtg ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240
ctggtgcggg tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcannn tggatccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgaggagg ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcacccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaaattgt catttgcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(183)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
tncttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttctgggcta cccatgtact 180
ntt 183

<210> 409

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtgggttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgcttcctt gctggggggg 240
ggcctatgc 250

<210> 410

<211> 306

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(306)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctt ctccccaaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatgggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaattgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatggt acctgacatt tctacaacac ccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgcccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgcccagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tctactgggtta cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta ccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcattctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tcctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414

actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggg cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tgggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggaggtgt attgaagtcc tcca 234

<210> 415

<211> 217

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(217)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415

gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcttact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc 217

<210> 416

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(213)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416

atgcataatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag 213

<210> 417

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417

nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagtccaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaate ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggtc 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt 303

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
tttttggcgg tgggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcaactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacacca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctgggtct aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgtan gattacaggg cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatag 60
acccttgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttgtttctt ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagtgtt gcaactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaata gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tctgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacttttccc actgacccca taaaggaata ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtccata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgtatg aaaaacctgg caagcccg 408

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac atttgagtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcagtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcgggagg tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcgggcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgac 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcgggcgg cataagggct 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgcc attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtcc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcagtcct cacagttgtc aagtcgccc 300
tccgagttta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424

```

getcaaaaat ctttttactg atagggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggtcttt tttgggtcct tttctccac cagcatatac ttgcagtcct 180
ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaagggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg                                     370

```

<210> 425

<211> 216

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(216)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425

```

aattgctatn ntttattttg cactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaatga 60
taacaacnca acatcaaggn aananaaca ggaatggntg acntgcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccag 180
gaggntntca ggaccgctcg atgtntntg agggag                                     216

```

<210> 426

<211> 596

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426

```

cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggttc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccagggt tcgctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg cttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
gtcccgcgtg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct      596

```

<210> 427

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(107)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427

```

gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60

```

ccccgggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng

107

<210> 428

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(38)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428

gaacttcena anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

<210> 429

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatacat cgggttttcag 180
tttggtatggt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcaactcacc atcctctcct gttgggttctg tgctgcttca 300
agataactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttatat ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggtattt ttgccagggt gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430

cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccgcgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgagggg gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggg ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtga tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
catttcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431

```
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgtagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392
```

<210> 432

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(387)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

```
ggtatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgga gtccagccac tngaaacat gtcctcttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgtgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca ttcccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387
```

<210> 433

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(281)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433

```
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagnagg ntctctgtnt gccactgggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281
```

<210> 434

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434

```
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctcctctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tgttgcaaaa aaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaga tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatggttc tcagaacccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag tacccatgtc 480
ttta
```

484

<210> 435

<211> 424

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435

```
gcgcgcgtca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct cettcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca gggtcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaaccct ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgcag 180
atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcatggtgc ggggtgacct 240
cttggagaga ggaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccaactaacg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaacctct ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaactt gaggattttc tctgttttct actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac
```

424

<210> 436

<211> 667

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(667)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436

```
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattctct tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccagggttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cgggtcaacgt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatata tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcgggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttgggt agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag
```

667

<210> 437

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

```
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaagggaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtaactct ctattttcac cctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatggt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693
```

<210> 438

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

```
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttggtga tctttgccac ctctgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctggttg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccag ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360
```

<210> 439

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

```
gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcattggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatataaaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gatcttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t 431
```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

```
agagataaag cttagggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaagtgc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcctggaaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaac acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcactctga tgagaacaag cta 523
```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

```
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatatgaaa attcttgaat gagtcttata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgctga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag 430
```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

```
ctaaggaatt agtaggttcc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtggggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatatt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362
```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(624)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443

```
tttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
```

```
cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg ctteectgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaataaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acatagggtgc aagtactatg tatctgggtac 420
atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttgggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624
```

<210> 444

<211> 425

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(425)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444

```
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgggtg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagagggttg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcacctgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425
```

<210> 445

<211> 414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(414)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445

```
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatcgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcatgtggc agattattgg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaagact aggcttctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagt 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tcgacgcggc cgcaattta gtag 414
```

<210> 446

<211> 631

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(631)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

```
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaaccttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatggt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg catttggtgtg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatttga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g                                     631
```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```
ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagttcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacagggctg 300
ccaggtttgt catagcactc atcaaaagtcc ggtcaacgct tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta                                     585
```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nnccgaactg acctgcccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccttgagg agganggggc tag                                     93
```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(706)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449
ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnntgc tcgtgggtca 60
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtccctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggcg cgtccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
gttgggaagg gcgatcggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc cagggttttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcatgcacg 420
cgtacgtaag cttggatcct cttagcgggc cgcctactac tactaaattc gcggccgctg 480
cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450
<211> 493
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450
gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatacct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtgcgcaata tcaactgcatg 180
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
caagtcaggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggtgattc cacagtcttc 360
tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggt cgacgcggcc 480
gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451
<211> 501
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(501)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgcg caactgttgg gaaggcgcat cggtgcgggc 60
ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
aacgccaggg ttttccagt cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcgcc cgcgtcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcaca 360
cgcncacagc actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcncctgcn ccccgcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacgggttc accnttaciaa cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60
acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaaccat 120
ttcacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60
taagccacgc cagctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
ccttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctcctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60
cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcctttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctcc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaaccct gtctgtttac tgtaaccctt 120
tgcactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231

<210> 457
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457
cgaggtagcc aggggtctga aaatctctnn ttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcacatca 60
gcattccctta atatgatctt gctataatta gatttttctc cattagagtt catcacgttt 120
tatttgattt tatttagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231

<210> 458
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
agggtctggt cccccactt ccactccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggccaag 60
agaagagggg tggtaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccaccctcta ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggtcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag acccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
ggtaccgagg ctcgctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgcgaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agaCagagca 120
gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

gcaggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atggggaggg 60
cctatcaccc tattcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaaat 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

cgaggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggaggggtc 60
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtgt tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgcctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtgggggttca gtgaggagtgt ggaaattgggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

aggtaccctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gcccaatctc atatgatgtg 120
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttccagag tcttacatct 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

tactccagcc tgggtgacaga gcgagaccct atcaccgccc cccaccccac caaaaaaaaa 60
actgagtaga cagggtgtcct cttggcatgg taagtcttaa gtcccctccc agatctgtga 120
catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
tggggagggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcgggt atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

gtactctaag attttatcta agttgccttt tctgggtggg aaagttaaact cttagtgact 60
aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggagggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120
cctgcttcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
ggtgccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

```

catgttggtg tagctgtggt aatgctggct gcatctcaga cagggttaac ttcagctcct 60
gtggcaaat agcaacaaat tctgacatca ttttatggt ttctgtatct ttgttgatga 120
aggatggcac aatttttgc tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgtgtagc tctggtaatg a 231

```

<210> 466

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

```

caggtacctc tttccattgg atactgtgct agcaagcatg ctctccgggg tttttttaat 60
ggccttcgaa cagaacttgc cacataccca ggtataatag tttctaacat ttgccagga 120
cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctagtggag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
aataatggag accagtccca caagatgaca accagtcgtt gtgtgcggct g 231

```

<210> 467

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

```

gtacaccctg gcacagtcca atctgaactg gttcggcact catctttcat gagatggatg 60
tggcggcttt tctccttttt catcaagact cctcagcagg gagccagac cagcctgcac 120
tgtgccttaa cagaaggctc tgagattcta agtgggaatc atttcagtga ctgtcatgtg 180
gcatgggtct ctgcccaagc tcgtaatgag actatagcaa ggcggtctgt ggacgtcagt 240
tgtgacctgc tgggcctccc aatagactaa caggcagtcg cagttggacc caagagaaga 300
ctgcagcaga c 311

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<210> 468

<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468

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<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

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<210> 471

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

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<210> 472

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

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<400> 472

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